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U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,

STATES RELATIONS SERVICE.

A. C. TRUE, Director.

COOPERATIVE AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION WORK.

ORGANIZATION AND FINANCES.

Extension work is that phase of instruction which is carried on among people who are not resident students at an educational institution. During the past 15 years the United States Department of Agriculture and the State agricultural colleges have been developing special methods of agricultural extension work. This circular is written to explain briefly the organization and financing of the extension work now being carried on cooperatively by the department and the colleges.

COOPERATIVE AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION ACT.

A permanent nation-wide system of agricultural extension work to be carried on by the State agricultural colleges in cooperation with the Department of Agriculture was provided for by Congress in the cooperative agricultural extension act of May 8, 1914 (see p. 36). This extension work includes practical instruction and demonstrations in agriculture and home economics given to persons not attending or resident in colleges in the several communities and the imparting of information through field demonstrations, publications, and otherwise, the work to be carried on in such manner as may be mutually agreed upon by the Secretary of Agriculture and the State agricultural colleges.

In order to provide a comprehensive basis for the cooperative agricultural extension work in the several States, a general memorandum of understanding between the department and the colleges was drawn up. This memorandum provides that each college shall organize and maintain a definite and distinct administrative division for the management and conduct of extension work in agriculture and home economics, in charge of a responsible director selected by the college and acceptable to the United States Department of Agriculture; shall administer through the extension division thus organized any and all funds received for such work from appropriations made by Congress or the State legislature, by allotment from the board of trustees of the college or from any other source; and shall cooperate with the department in all extension work in agriculture and home economics which the department is authorized by Congress to conduct in the States.

ORGANIZATION OF THE EXTENSION WORK IN THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

The States Relations Service represents the Department of Agriculture in the administration and general supervision of all its cooperative extension work in agriculture and home economics. This involves relations with the State agricultural colleges and the different bureaus of the department. Before any work requiring the expenditure of the cooperative agriculture extension funds is undertaken in a State the act requires that the plans for work shall have the approval of the Secretary of Agriculture. The director of extension of the college must submit detailed projects covering each line of extension work, with proposed allotment of funds for each, for approval by the department. After approval of the projects the State is certified by the department to the United States Treasurer as entitled to receive its allotment of funds.

In addition to the funds provided by the cooperative agricultural extension act, Congress makes direct appropriations to the Department of Agriculture for certain extension activities, the most important of which are farmers' cooperative demonstration work (including the county-agent work, home-demonstration work, boys' and girls' club work, and farm-management demonstrations), carried on through the States Relations Service, and the several lines of extension work carried on by various other bureaus and offices of the department.

The farmers' cooperative demonstration work and other extension work of the States Relations Service is administered through the Office of Extension Work in the South for the Southern States, and the Office of Extension Work in the North and West for the Northern and Western States. The Bureau of Animal Industry is conducting extension work in dairying and the use of dairy products; hog-cholera prevention; boys' pig, cattle, and sheep clubs; and boys' and girls' poultry clubs. The Bureau of Markets is carrying on extension work in marketing and the organization of farmers to assist in the solution of various marketing problems. The Bureau of Plant Industry is carrying on extension work in seed production and distribution and in relation to plant diseases and disease-resisting strains of plants. The Bureau of Soils, Forest Service, Bureau of Entomology, Bureau of Biological Survey, Bureau of Public Roads, and the Office of Farm Management are also cooperating with the States in carrying to the people the discoveries made in connection with their investiga-(See also pp. 30, 31.) tional work.

ORGANIZATION IN THE STATES.

The organization established in most State agricultural colleges consists of an extension division, at the head of which is a director who is in charge of all cooperative extension work in agriculture and home economics in the State. Under this director there generally are men in charge of various lines of work. In some States a State leader has charge of county-agent work and boys' and girls' club work, the agents in charge of club work being subordinate to him; in other States there is a separate State leader for the club work. The number of officers assisting the director varies with the size of the State and the development of extension activities. In addition to the supervising agents specialists are engaged in conducting extension schools and in other ways cooperating with the county agents in the instruction of farmers and their families.

MONEY AVAILABLE UNDER THE COOPERATIVE AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION ACT.

The cooperative agricultural extension act provided that each State should receive \$10,000 annually for cooperative extension work in agriculture and home economics, making a total of \$480,000 per annum, beginning with the fiscal year 1914–15. For the fiscal year 1915–16 it provided for \$600,000 additional to be distributed among the several States in the proportion that the rural population of each State bears to the total rural population of all the States, as determined by the last census. This amount is to be increased by \$500,000 each year until the fiscal year 1922–23, when the total amount reaches \$4,580,000. This additional appropriation does not become available to a State until an equal amount has been appropriated by the legislature of that State or provided by State, county, college, local, or individual contributions from within the State. The aggregate sums thus required to be provided by the States will be \$4,100,000 for the fiscal year 1922–23, and annually thereafter.

Table I indicates the amounts the individual States will receive from the Federal appropriation under the cooperative agricultural extension act, provided the terms of the act are complied with.

Table I .- Maximum amounts of Federal funds which each State is eligible to receive under the cooperative extension act.1

State.	Fiscal year 1914–15.	Fiscal year 1915–16.	Fiscal year 1916–17.	Fiscal year 1917–18.	Fiscal year 1918–19.	Fiscal year 1919–20.2
Alabama, Arizona Arkansas, California Colorado Connecticut Delaware Florida Georgia Idaho Illinois Indiana Iowa Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Maine, Maryland Massachusetts Michigan, Minnesota Mississippi Missouri Montana Nebraska	\$10,000 10,000	\$31, 491, 82 11, 715, 47 26, 678, 41 21, 037, 45 14, 792, 62 11, 397, 20 11, 279, 51 16, 486, 94 35, 173, 47 13, 108, 84 36, 282, 20 28, 931, 02 28, 781, 18 24, 555, 45 31, 088, 17 24, 102, 11 14, 388, 28 17, 746, 73 12, 930, 75 28, 032, 37 24, 898, 99 29, 329, 35 33, 034, 17 12, 950, 01 20, 715, 89	\$49, 401. 67 13, 145. 03 40, 577. 08 30, 235. 33 18, 786. 47 12, 561. 53 12, 345. 76 21, 892. 73 56, 151. 36 15, 699. 54 58, 184. 03 44, 706. 87 44, 432. 16 36, 685. 00 48, 661. 65 35, 853. 87 18, 045. 18 24, 202. 34 15, 373. 04 43, 059. 35 37, 314. 81 45, 437. 14 52, 229. 32 15, 408. 35 29, 645. 80	\$67, 311. 52 14, 574. 59 54, 475. 75 39, 433. 21 22, 780. 32 13, 725. 86 13, 412. 01 27, 298. 52 77, 129. 25 18, 290. 24 80, 085. 86 60, 482. 72 60, 083. 14 48, 814. 55 66, 235. 13 47, 605. 63 21, 702. 08 30, 657. 95 17, 815. 33 58, 086. 38 49, 730. 63 61, 544. 93 71, 424. 47 17, 866. 69 38, 575. 71	\$85, 221. 37 16, 004. 15 68, 374. 42 48, 631. 09 26, 774. 17 14, 890. 19 14, 478. 26 32, 704. 31 98, 107. 14 20, 880. 94 101, 987. 69 76, 258. 57 75, 734. 12 60, 944. 10 83, 808. 61 59, 357. 39 25, 358. 98 37, 113. 56 20, 257. 62 73, 113. 31 62, 146. 45 77, 652. 72 90, 619. 62 20, 325. 03 47, 505. 62	\$108, 131, 22 17, 433, 71 82, 273, 09 57, 828, 97 30, 768, 02 16, 054, 52 15, 544, 51 38, 110, 10 119, 085, 03 23, 471, 64 123, 889, 52 92, 034, 42 91, 385, 10 73, 073, 65 101, 382, 09 71, 109, 15 29, 015, 88 43, 569, 17 22, 699, 91 88, 140, 29 74, 562, 27 93, 760, 51 109, 814, 77 22, 783, 37 56, 435, 53
New Hampshire New Jersey New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvaria Rhode Island South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee Texas Utah	10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000	10, 832. 94 12, 133. 46 17, 659. 22 13, 413. 20 33, 442. 72 32, 952. 65 16, 247. 19 35, 556. 54 26, 255. 69 14, 446. 36 46, 893. 75 10, 218. 31 25, 691. 15 16, 166. 89 31, 201. 01 45, 969. 67 12, 436. 74	21, 305. 96 48, 868. 52 75, 944. 39 14, 467. 35	12, 221. 18 15, 689. 22 30, 424. 60 19, 101. 88 72, 513. 92 71, 207. 07 26, 659. 17 78, 150. 78 53, 348. 51 21, 856. 96 108, 383. 33 10, 582. 17 51, 843. 07 26, 445. 03 66, 536. 03 105, 919. 11 16, 497. 96	12, 915. 30 17, 467. 10 36, 807. 29 21, 946. 22 92, 049. 52 90, 334. 28 31, 865. 16 99, 447. 90 66, 894. 92 25, 562. 26 139, 128. 12 10, 764. 10 64, 919. 03 31, 584. 10 84, 203. 54 135, 893. 83 18, 528. 57	13,609.42 19,244.98 43,189.98 24,790.56 111,585.12 109,461.49 37,071.15 120,745.02 80,441.33 29,267.56 169,872.91 10,946.03 77,994.99 36,723.17 101,871.05 165,868.55 20,559.18
Vermont Virginia. Washington West Virginia. Wisconsin Wyoming. Total	10, 000 10, 000 10, 000 10, 000 10, 000 10, 000 480, 000	12, 273, 77 29, 271, 96 16, 522, 46 22, 071, 73 26, 164, 99 11, 249, 20 1, 080, 000, 00	14, 168. 57 45, 331. 93 21, 957. 84 32, 131. 50 39, 635. 81 12, 290. 20 1,580,000.00	16, 063. 37 61, 391. 90 27, 393. 22 42, 191. 27 53, 106. 63 13, 331. 20 2, 080, 000. 00	17, 958. 17 77, 451. 87 32, 828. 60 52, 251. 04 66, 577. 45 14, 372. 20 2, 580, 000. 00	19, 852. 97 93, 511. 84 38, 263. 98 62, 310. 81 80, 048. 27 15, 413. 20 3, 080, 000. 00

¹ Each State must duplicate all Federal money above \$10,000 per year.
² After 1920 the allotments are to be based on the returns for rural population of the Fourteenth Census.

The totals for each State contain the basic \$10,000 granted each year. To obtain the amount that the State would have to duplicate in any year to receive its entire Federal quota, subtract \$10,000 from the total. Example: The amount Alabama has to have to duplicate in 1916-17 is \$49,401.16 minus \$10,000, or \$39,401.16.

The States have supplied the money necessary to offset the Federal Smith-Lever funds mainly through direct appropriation. Of the \$600,000 required of the States in 1915-16, approximately \$460,000 was provided by direct State appropriations, \$68,000 by county appropriations, \$38,000 from funds under the direct control of the colleges, \$22,000 from local sources, and \$12,000 from miscellaneous The \$1,100,000 required for 1916-17 was obtained from the following sources: \$904,000 from State appropriations, \$84,000 from county appropriations, \$64,000 from college appropriations, and \$48,000 from local contributions. In 1917–18 the States contributed \$1,241,000, the counties \$203,000, the colleges \$83,000, and the local organizations \$72,000. The \$2,100,000 for 1918–19 was obtained from the following sources: \$1,614,000 from State appropriations, \$236,000 from county appropriations, \$167,000 from college appropriations, and \$84,000 from local organizations. Although the amounts received from funds other than those directly appropriated by the States have increased, their relative importance has remained practically the same. Table II indicates the sources of offset in the individual States.

Table II.—Sources of offset to Federal Smith-Lever funds, 1915-16, 1916-17, 1917-18, and 1918-19.

		ana 19	18–19.			
State.	Total.	State.	County.	College.	Local.	Miscella- neous.
Alabama: 1915–16. 1916–17. 1917–18. 1918–19.	\$21, 491. 82 39, 401. 67 57, 311. 52 75, 221. 37	\$5,000.00 29,325.00 46,909.85 67,000.00	\$15,000.00 10,076.67 10,401.67 8,221.37			
Arizona: 1915–16. 1916–17. 1917–18. 1918–19.	1,715.47 3,145.03 4,574.59 6,004.15	1,715.47 3,145.03 4,574.59 6,004.15				
Arkansas: 1915–16 1916–17 1917–18 1918–19	16, 678. 41 30, 577. 08 44, 475. 75 58, 374. 42	16, 678, 41 27, 177, 08 31, 975, 75 45, 874, 42	3,400 00 12,500.00 12,500.00			
California: 1915–16. 1916–17. 1917–18. 1918–19.	11, 037. 45 20, 235. 33 29, 433. 21 38, 631. 09	11,037.45 20,235.33				
Colorado: 1915–16. 1916-17. 1917–18. 1918–19.	4,792.62 8,786.47 12,780.32 16,774.17	4,792.62 8,786.47 12,780.32 16,774.17	***********			
Connecticut: 1915–16 1916–17 1917–18 1918–19	1,397.20 2,561.53 3,725.86 4,890.19	1, 397. 20 2, 561. 53 3, 725. 86 4, 890. 19		\		
De laware: 1915–16 1916–17 1917–18 1918–19	1,279.51 2,345.76 3,412.01 4,478.26	1,279.51 2,345.76 3,412.01 4,478.26				
Florida: 1915–16. 1916–17. 1917–18. 1918–19.	6, 486, 94 11, 892, 73 17, 298, 52 22, 704, 31	6,486.94 11,892.73 17,298.52 22,704.31				
Georgia: 1915–16. 1916–17. 1917–18. 1918–19. Idaho:	25, 173, 47 46, 151, 36 67, 129, 25 88, 107, 14	25, 173. 47 46, 151. 36 67, 129. 25 88, 107. 14				
1915–16	3, 108, 84 5, 699, 54 8, 290, 24 10, 880, 94	3, 108. 84 5, 699. 54 8, 290. 24 10, 880. 94				
1915–16. 1916–17. 1917–18. 1918–19.	26, 2 ⁸ 2, 20 48, 184, 03 70, 085, 86 91, 987, 69				29,882 20 48,184.03 70,085.86 63,987.69	

Table II.—Sources of offset to Federal Smith-Lever funds, 1915–16, 1916–17, 1917–18, and 1918–19—Continued.

State.	Total.	State.	County.	College.	Local.	Miscella- neous.
Indiana:	\$18,931.02 34,706.87 50,482.72 66,258.57	\$18, 931. 02 34, 706. 87 50, 482. 72 66, 258. 57				
1915–16. 1916–17. 1917–18. 1918–19. Kansas:	18, 781. 18 34, 432. 16 50, 083. 14 65, 734. 12	18,781.18 34,432.16 50,083.14 65,734.12				
1915–16. 1916–17. 1917–18. 1918–19. Kentucky:	14, 555. 45 26, 685. 00 38, 814. 55 50, 944. 10	14, 555. 45 26, 685. 00 38, 814. 55 50, 944. 10				
1915–16. 1916–17. 1917–18. 1918–19. Louisiana:	21, 088. 17 38, 661. 65 56, 235. 13 73, 808. 61	12,000.00 19,000.00 21,235.13 73,808.61	\$8,088.17 5,000.00 20,000.00	\$14,461.65 15,000.00	\$200.00	
1915–16. 1916–17. 1917–18. 1918–19.	14, 102. 11 25, 853. 87 37, 605. 63 49, 357. 39	14,094.00 20,000.00 25,000.00 36,750.00	5, 853. 87 12, 605. 63 12, 607. 39			
1915–16. 1916–17. 1917–18. 1918–19.	4,388.28 8,045.18 11,702.08 15,358.98	4,388.28 8,045.18 11,702.08 15,358.98	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
Maryland: 1915–16. 1916–17. 1917–18. 1918–19. Massachusetts:	7,746.73 14,202.3 4 20,657.95 27,113.56	1,800.00 14,202.34 20,657.95 27,113.56	- • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2,946.73		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
1915–16. 1916–17. 1917–18. 1918–19. Michigan:	2,930.75 5,373.04 7,815.33 10,257.62	2,930.75 5,373.04 7,815.33 10,257.62				
1915-16. 1916-17. 1917-18. 1918-19.	18, 032. 37 33, 059. 35 48, 086. 33 63, 113. 31		3, 400.00 10, 000.00	18,032.37 29,659.35 38,086.33 40,613.31		
1915–16. 1916–17. 1917–18. 1918–19.	14,898.99 27,314.81 39,730.63 52,146.45	14,898.99 27,314.81 39,730.63 22,146.45	30,000.00			
Mississippi: 1915-16. 1916-17. 1917-18. 1918-19.	19, 329. 35 35, 437. 14 51, 544. 93 67, 652. 72	5,000.00 15,053.33 17,900.00 37,500.00	14,329.35 20,383.81 33,644.93 30,152.72			
Missouri: 1915-16. 1916-17. 1917-18. 1918-19.	23, 034. 17 42, 229. 32 61, 424. 47 80, 619. 62	23, 034. 17 42, 229. 32 33, 964. 47 41, 119. 62	27, 460. 00 19, 500. 00		20,000.00	
Montana: 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	2,950.01 5,408.35 7,866.69 10,325.03	2,950.01 5,408.35 7,866.69 10,325.03				
Nebraska: 1915–16. 1916–17. 1917–18. 1918–19.	10,715.89 19,645.80 28,575.71 37,505.62	10,715.89 19,645.80 28,575.71 37,505.62				
Nevada: 1915-16. 1916-17. 1917-18. 1918-19.	832.94 1,527.06 2,221.18 2,915.30	832.94 1,527.06 2,221.18 2,915.30				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
New Hampshire: 1915-16. 1916-17. 1917-18. 1918-19.	2, 133, 46 3, 911, 34 5, 689, 22 7, 467, 10	2,133.46 3,900.00 5,689.22 7,467.10		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		••••••

Table II.—Sources of offset to Federal Smith-Lever funds, 1915–16, 1916–17, 1917–18, and 1918–19—Continued.

		1 .		1	1	1
State. •	Total.	State.	County.	College.	Local.	Miscella- neous.
New Jersev						1
1915–16.	\$7,659.22	\$7,659.22				
1916-17.	14,041.91	14,041.91	1			
1917–18. 1918–19.	20, 424. 60 26, 807. 29	20, 424, 60 26, 807, 29		1		
New Mexi o:	20,001.20	20, 01.10		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
1915-16	3,413.20	3,400.00	\$13 20			
1916-17. 1917-18.	6,257.54 9,101.88	6,257.54 9,101.88				
1918–19.	11,946.22	11,946.22				
New York:	09 440 70	02 440 70				
1915-16. 1916-17.	23, 442. 72 42, 978. 32	23, 442. 72 23, 600. 00		\$10 378 39		* * • * • • • • • • •
• 1917-18	62, 513. 92	62, 513. 92				
1918–19.	82,049.52	81, 149. 52				
North Carolina 1915-16.	22,952.65	11, 476. 65				\$11,476.00
1916-17	42,079.86	42,079 86				
1917-18	61,207.07	61, 207. 07 49, 731. 00		20 000 00		
1918–19. North Dakota	80,334.28	49,731.00		30,603 28		•••••••
1915-16	6, 247. 19	6, 236. 00				
1916-17. 1917-18.	11, 453. 18 16, 659. 17	11, 453. 18 16, 659. 17				
1918–19.	21, \$65.16	21, 865. 16				}
Ohio:						
1915–16 1916–17	25, 556. 54 46, 853. 66	25, 556, 54 46, 853, 66		1		
1917–18.	68, 150. 78	68, 150. 78	1			
1918–19	89,447.90	89, 447. 90	~			
Oklahoma: 1915–16	16, 255. 69	16, 255, 69				
1916–17	29,802.10	29, 802. 10				
1917–18	43,348.51	43, 348, 51				1
1918–19 Oregon:	56,894.92	56, 894. 92				
1915–16	4,446.36	4,446.36				
1916–17	8, 151. 66	8, 151. 66				
1917–18. 1918–19.	11,856.96 15,562.26	11, 856, 96 15, 562, 26				
Pennsylvania:		23,022.				
1915–16 1916–17.	36, 893. 75 67, 638. 54	37, 638. 54	20,000.00			
1917–18	98,383.33	48, 383. 33	30,000.00 50,000.00			
1918–19	129, 128. 12	74, 128. 12	55 000.00			
Rhode Island: 1915–16.	218.31			218.31		
1916–17.	400. 24					
1917–18	582.17					1
1918–19South Carolina:	764. 10			764. 10		
1915–16	15,691.15	15, 691. 15				
1916–17	28, 767. 11	28, 767. 11	_	1		
1917–18 1918–19	41,843.07 54,919.03	41,843.07 54,919.03				
South Dakota:		ĺ ,				
1915–16 1916–17	6, 166. 89 11, 305. 96	6, 166, 89 11, 305, 96				
1917–18	16,445.03	16, 445. 03				
1918–19	21,584.10	21,584 10		10		
Tennessee: ' 1915–16	21, 201. 01	21, 201. 01				
1916–17	38,868.52	38, 868. 52				
1917-18	56, 536. 03	38,000.00	15, 837. 18	22 000 00	\$2, 268. 85	430.00
1918–19 Texas:	74, 203. 54	•••••	36, 203, 51	33,000 09		
1915–16	35, 969. 67	35,969.67				
1916–17 1917–18	65, 944. 39 95, 919. 11	65, 944. 39 95, 919. 11				
1918–19	125,893.83	125, 893, 83				
Utah:	Í			l .		
1915–16 1916–17.	2,436.74 4,467.35	2,436.74 4,467.35				
1917–18	6, 497. 96	6,497.96				
1918–19	€,528 57	8,528.57				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Vermont: 1915–16	2,273.77	2, 273, 77				
1916-17	4, 168. 57	4, 168, 57				
1917-18	6,063.37 7,958.17	6, 063, 37 7, 958, 17				
1918–19	7,955.17	7, 905. 17	**********		**********	**********

Table II.—Sources of offset to Federal Smith-Lever funds, 1915-16, 1916-17, 1917-18, and 1918-19—Continued.

State.	Total.	State.	County.	College.	Local.	Miscella- neous.
'irginia:				ļ		
1915–16	\$19,271.96	\$17, 109. 16	\$2, 162.80			
1916-17	35, 331. 93	33, 831, 93	1,500.00			
1917-18	51,391.90	48,564.40	2,827.50			
1918-19.	67, 451. 87	67, 451. 87				
Vashington:	,					
1915-16	6, 522. 46	6, 522. 46				
1916–17	11,957.84	11, 957.84				
1917–18	17,393.22	17, 393. 22				
1918–19	22, 828, 60	5, 751. 67		\$17,076.93		
Vest Virginia:	,		*			
1915–16.	12,071.73	12,071.73				
1916–17	22, 131. 50	18, 131. 50	4,000.00			
1917–18	32, 191. 27	24, 621. 27	7,570.00			
1918-19	42, 251.04	33, 141, 04				
Visconsin:	,					
1915–16	16, 164, 99	16, 164. 99				
1916-17	29,635.81	29, 635, 81				
1917–18	43, 106. 63	43, 106. 63				
1918–19	56, 577. 45	56, 577. 45	1			
V voming:	,					
1915–16.	1,249.20	1, 249. 20				
1916–17	2, 290. 20	2, 290. 20				
1917–18	3,331.20	3,331.20				
1918–19	4,372.20	4,372.20				
'otal:	,	,				
1915–16	600,000.00	459,046.00	68,004.71	38, 099. 27	\$22,374:02	\$12,476.0
1916–17.	1, 100, 000.00	901, 090. 72	83, 614, 35	63, 910, 90	48, 384. 03	
1917-18	1,600,000.00	1, 241, 266. 67	202, 846. 91	83, 101, 71	72, 354. 71	430.0
1918–19	2, 100, 000.00	1,613,628.58	235, 795. 02	166, 588. 71	83, 987. 69	

In addition to the money directly appropriated to offset Federal Smith-Lever funds and available under the provisions of the Smith-Lever Act, considerable sums of money have been contributed from various sources within the States.

In 1914–15 the total expenditures for cooperative agricultural extension work amounted to over \$3,600,000. Of this \$905,000 was derived from the farmer's cooperative demonstration funds of the United States Department of Agriculture, \$105,000 from other bureaus and offices of the department, \$475,000 from the Federal Smith-Lever funds, \$712,000 from State funds, \$815,000 from county funds, \$345,000 from college funds, and \$245,000 from other miscellaneous sources.

In 1915–16 the amount increased to \$4,900,000. Of this \$914,000 was derived from the farmers' cooperative demonstration funds of the United States Department of Agriculture, \$157,000 from other bureaus and offices of the department, \$1,080,000 from the Federal Smith-Lever funds, \$600,000 from State Smith-Lever funds, \$696,000 from other State funds, \$939,000 from county funds, \$210,000 from college funds, and \$274,000 from other miscellaneous sources.

The total amount in 1916-17 was \$6,100,000 derived from the following sources: \$943,000 from the farmers' cooperative demonstration funds. \$120,000 from other bureaus and offices of the department, \$1,580,000 from Federal Smith-Lever funds, \$1,100,000 from

State Smith-Lever funds. Approximately \$600,000 was appropriated by the State legislatures in addition to the money put up as an offset, \$1,250,000 from county funds, \$140,000 from college funds, and \$370,000 from other miscellaneous sources.

The \$7,600,000 allotted for extension work in 1917-18 was derived from the following sources: From direct appropriation for farmers' cooperative demonstration work, \$1,040,000; for demonstration by other bureaus and offices of the department, \$185,000; from Federal Smith-Lever funds, \$2,080,000; from State Smith-Lever funds, \$1,600,000; and in addition to the funds for the State Smith-Lever offset, the States allotted \$530,000, the counties \$1,545,000, the colleges \$200,000, and from other miscellaneous sources \$445,000 was allotted. The total amount for 1918-19 is \$10,087,240, derived from the following sources: \$1,006,114 from the farmers' cooperative demonstration funds, \$418,539 from ther bureaus and offices of the department; \$2,580,000 from Federal Smith-Lever funds, \$2,100,000 from State Smith-Lever funds. Approximately \$746,073 has been appropriated by the State legislatures in addition to the money put up as an offset, \$2,247,219 from county funds, \$221,349. from college funds, and \$767,946 from miscellaneous sources.

Table III indicates the total amount available in each State and for the United States as a whole, for the five years, and the sources of funds.

Table III.—Sources of funds for cooperative agricultural extension work, 1914–15, 1915–16, 1916–17, 1917–18, and 1918–19.

	United Departi Agricu	ment of	Smith-	-Lever.						
State.	Farmers' coopera- tive demon- stration work.	Other bureaus.	Federal.	State.	State.	County.	College.	Other.	Total.	
Alabama: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 Arizona: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1918-19 Arkansas: 1914-15 1915-16 1915-16 1915-16 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 California: 1914-15 1915-16 1915-16 1915-16 1915-16 1915-16 1915-16 1915-16 1915-16 1915-16 1915-16 1915-16 1915-16 1915-16 1915-18	7,660 7,700 41,575 40,000 38,000 38,000 38,000 (,193 8,627 10,620	\$4, 114 4, 620 9, 780 15, 140 938 2, 250 2, 620 7, 220 6, 670 25, 620 1, 500 1, 500 1, 500	\$10,000 31,493 49,402 67,312 85,221 10,000 11,715 13,145 14,575 16,004 10,000 26,678 40,577 54,477 68,374 10,000 21,037 30,235 \$9,433	\$21, 493, 39, 402 57, 312 75, 221 1,715 3,145 4,575 6,004 16,678 30,577 44,477 58,374 11,037 20,235 29,433	\$28, 592 25, 000 2, 000 4, 444 3, 285 2, 150 1, 000 1, 000 6, 237 3, 318	\$19, 375 10, 000 30, 000 25, 000 30, 000 57 4, 500 8, 800 5, 000 2, 600 43, 213 54, 152 76, 236 68, 236 116, 499 22, 000 26, 000 28, 000 28, 000 28, 000	\$825 600 600 968 700 150 4,667 1,200 27,529 14,320 14,320	\$2,659 1,000 	\$113, 087 139, 606 162, 303 205, 594 251, 682 17, 279 27, 931 36, 140 34, 410 34, 258 111, 348 155, 183 193, 015 215, 407 310, 383 68, 323 82, 521 104, 911 127, 808	

Table III.—Sources of funds for cooperative agricultural extension work, 1914–15, 1915–16, 1916–17, 1917–18, and 1918–19—Continued.

	1010 1	0, 1010	-17, 1917-		1010 10		(
	United Departi Agricu	ment of	Smith-	Lever.					
State.	Farmers' coopera- tive demon- stration work.	Other bureaus.	Federa .	State.	State.	County.	College.	Other.	Tota .
Colorado: 1914–15 1915–16 1916–17 1917–18 1918–19	\$9,884 9,450 12,240 15,140 13,540	\$4,340 2,300	\$10,000 14,792 18,786 22,780 26,774	\$4,792 8,786 12,780 16,774	\$1,441 	\$8,364 15,700 22,350 37,500 71,500	\$4,920 1;100	\$4, 250 4, 400 1, 500	\$29,688 53,905 67,663 104,040 140,888
Connecticut: 1914–15.\ 1915–16 1916–17 1917–18 1918–19	6, 101 5, 357 8, 720 12, 171 9, 756	550 1,300 1,400 4,400 9,100	9,985 11,398 12,562 13,726 14,890	1,398 2,562 3,726 4,890	3,591 12,456 14,004 23,669 38,140	6,000 8,000 30,500 20,200	3, 030	5,000 6,900 9,950 19,230 22,172	25, 226 44, 809 57, 197 107, 422 122, 178
Delaware: 1914–15 1915–16 1916–17 1917–18 1918–19	2,205 1,200 900 2,500 2,000	260 1,150 1,850	10,000 11,279 12,346 13,412 14,478	1, 279 2, 346 3, 412 4, 478	5,000	••••••			18, 595 15, 659 17, 441 19, 324 20, 956
Florida: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	26,348 25,000 23,000 23,000 23,000	7, 520	9,925 16,491 21,893 27,299 32,704	6,491 11,893 17,299 22,704	5,000 5,000 5,000 10,250 5,000	16, 107 23, 747 32, 978 32, 978 72, 264	10, 695 8, 790 9, 700 5, 250	5,765 200	73, 984 85, 719 104, 463 110, 826 168, 442
Georgia: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	49,504 59,000 47,000 47,000 47,000	9,451 12,110 11,580 11,920 25,200	9,927 35,174 56,152 77,129 98,107	25, 174 46, 152 67, 129 88, 107	15,675	28,314 52,400 85,770 88,550 133,862	1 '	12,000	124,871 174,858 251,652 291,728 392,276
Idaho: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 Illinois:	4,800 4,800 6,900 9,000 9,201	1,525 1,200	10,000 13,109 15,700 18,290 20,881	3, 109 5, 700 8, 290 10, 881	6,005 10,800 15,000 27,523 88,750	1,616 7,550 10,000 22,800 77,870		850 1,350	24,446 41,417 54,649 85,903 209,803
1914–15. 1915–16. 1916–17. 1917–18. 1918–19. Indiana:		240	10,000 36,282 58,184 80,086 101,988	26,282 48,184 70,086 91,988	14,600 30,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4,200	23, 000 26, 400 51, 414 152, 100	91,766 148,616 191,588 205,786 350,876
1914-15. 1915-16. 1916-17. 1917-18. 1918-19. Iowa:	13,065 15,261 15,854 18,597 18,810	1,614 3,659 3,100 3,000 7,120	10,000 28,931 44,707 60,483 76,259	18,931 34,707 50,483 66,259	64,145 46,704 27,375 11,157 9,385	44, 035 65, 500 70, 993 85, 500 124, 500		4,498 4,000 3,570 4,126 8,816	138, 259 182, 977 200, 235 233, 256 311, 149
1914–15 1915–16 1916–17 1917–18 1918–19 Kansas:	18, 449	6,070 4,200 3,000 4,344 19,100	10,000 28,781 44,432 60,083 75,734	18,781 34,432 50,083 65,734	88,705 83,463 71,568 47,204 20,959	4,000 4,16) 4,7)) 4,400 58,800		$74,700 \mid 106,555 \mid 114,410$	192,141 229,888 283,127 303,474 508,088
1914–15 1915–16 1916–17 1917–18 1918–19 Kentucky:	14,047 13,089 16,66) 22,073 18,201	4,600 4,600	10,000 24,555 36,685 48,815 60,944	14, 555 29, 6%5 38, 815 50, 944		3, 600 16, 209 22, 500 15, 990	50,700 40,012 40,150 30,000 32,500	17, \$82 14, 867 20, 60) 6, \$77 3, 750	92, 639 110, 680 156, 980 173, 783 180, 839
1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 Louisiana:	36, 861 41, 000 40, 000 40, 000 40, 000	3,016 3,300 4,300 4,300 1,800	9, 875 31, 088 48, 662 66, 235 83, 809	21, 088 33, 632 56, 235 73, 803	1,080	31, 928 12, 727 33, 000 30, 000 62, 000	5, \$54 7, 605	7, 000 15, 000 13, 000	\$7,533 117,888 171,623 211,770 274,418
1914–15. 1915–16. 2916–17. 1917–18. 1918–19	43, 943 42, 000 40, 000 40, 000 40, 000	1,955 20,125 2,000 3,600 13,320	8, 623 24, 102 35, 854 47, 606 59, 357	14, 102 25, 854 37, 606 49, 357		22, 588 23, 358 36, 646 31, 560 34, 002	6, 847 2, 469 400	860	\$3,958 126,157 141,613 160,372 196,336

Table III.—Sources of funds for cooperative agricultural extension work, 1914–15, 1915–16, 1916–17, 1917–18, and 1918–19—Continued.

	·								
	United Departi Agricu	ment of	Smith	-Lever.					
State.	Farmers' coopera- tive demon- stration work.	Other bureaus.	Federal.	State.	State.	County.	College.	Other.	Total.
Maine:									
1914–15 1915–16 1916–17 1917–18 1918–19	\$1,360 1,100 5,500 8,085 8,272	1,000	\$10,000 14,389 18,045 21,702 25,359	\$4,389 8,045 11,702 15,359	\$2,000 2,000		\$3,600 2,900 3,900 3,700	\$600 600 600 600	\$11,820 26,078 37,090 45,989 54,290
Maryland: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	14, 977 21, 000 19, 000 19, 000 19, 000	2,851 1,320 1,380 6,380	9,750 17,747 24,202 30,658 37,114	7,747 14,202 20,658 27,114	3,000 20 18,120 30,680 51,241	\$4,566 8,050 5,838 8,093	5,700 3,043 2,675	1,320 1,484	40, 843 58, 927 79, 520 109, 698 150, 482
Massachusetts: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	11, 572 13, 354 14, 736 20, 356 19, 053	1,500 3,000 17,580	10,000 12,931 15,373 17,815 20,258	2,931 5,373 7,815 10,258	11, 997 35, 302 36, 805	45,000 30,000 30,000 56,346 71,550	52, 611 35, 175	15,000 22,000 51,100 100,505	119, 183 109, 390 100, 979 191, 734 276, 009
Michigan: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	17, 377 15, 082 23, 202 25, 001 23, 300	800 240 3,700 5,400	10,000 28,032 43,059 58,086 73,113	18,032 33,059 48,086 63,113	3,424	19,540 18,000 25,002 41,664 29,700	16,846	3,340	64, 562 85, 910 140, 962 181, 937 198, 826
Minnesota: 1914–15 1915–16 1916–17 1917–18 1918–19	16, 218 13, 961 15, 450 19, 411 19, 845	5,432 1,900 1,900 3,700	10,000 24,899 37,315 49,731 62,146	14,899 27,315 39,731 52,146	21, 270 39, 812 19, 970 29, 182	18, 286 22, 000 15, 000 14, 500 52, 000	66, 989 1, 450 5, 260 6, 799 2, 290	32,588 8,800 9,100 10,200 68,432	170, 783 127, 721 131, 310 144, 072 286, 041
M ississippi: 1914–15 1915–16 1916–17 1917–18 1918–19	48, 118 45, 000 42, 500 42, 500 42, 500	3,076 8,440 8,860 30,460	10,000 29,329 45,437 61,545 77,653	19, 329 35, 437 51, 545 67, 653	800 3,807	29, 811 17, 982 26, 134 52, 570 49, 100	1,988 3,000	873 6,075 15,735 2,900	93, 791 127, 760 155, 583 232, 755 270, 266
Missouri: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19.	11, 034 11, 600 11, 500 11, 200 13, 820	6,860	10,000 33,034 52,229 71,425 90,620	23, 034 42, 229 61, 425 80, 620	32,016 17,600 15,350	17, 410 20, 800 31, 220	652 8,650 6,410	2,630 1,550 2,770	71, 111 114, 718 155, 158 152, 010 203, 230
Montana: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	6, 456 7, 800 9, 460 13, 500 12, 380	1,334 1,500 1,500 3,150	10,000 12,950 15,408 17,867 20,325	2,950 5,408 7,867 10,325	4, 191 18, 382 19, 446 31, 325 62, 000	2,308 9,600 10,800 18,000 13,200	5, 384	3,050	29, 673 56, 232 62, 622 91, 709 118, 230
Nebraska: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	15, 538 13, 640 15, 000 17, 908 15, 320	2, 795 3, 000 3, 000 4, 000 12, 651	10,000 20,716 29,646 38,576 47,506	10, 716 19, 646 28, 576 37, 506	25,000 14,534 5,354 4,424 4,650	6, 200 1, 200 11, 900 22, 933 21, 200	4,600 10,600 15,950 18,720	20,000 47,450 53,350 64,000 47,600	79, 533 115, 856 148, 495 196, 367 205, 153
Nevada: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	200 2,500 4,470 3,941	1,184 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500	7, 493 10, 833 11, 527 12, 221 12, 915	833 1,527 2,221 2,915	3, 968 3, 960 6, 300 7, 212	1 (00 180	6, 229 5, 535		8,677 17,334 21,514 32,941 34,198
New Hampshire: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	5,074 6,098 8,700 11,900 11,600	90 500 1,200 1,200	10,000 12,133 13,911 15,689 17,467	2, 133 3, 911 5, 689 7, 467	300	3, 500 6, 000 16, 200 28, 000 19, 200	2,000 3,000 1,000 800	12,013 ,3,645 8,500 20,070 29,490	32, 976 33, 509 52, 222 83, 348 86, 424
New Jersey: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	4,959 6,775 9,251 13,071 11,176	200	9, 987 17, 659 24, 042 30, 426 36, 807	7,659 14,042 20,426 26,807	13, 951 8, 266 10, 958 7, 575 9, 193	15, 350 18, 200 20, 900 16, 600		1,000 1,000 600 600 600	50,096 56,709 77,092 92,998 103,847

Table III.—Sources of funds for cooperative agricultural extension work, 1914–13, 1915–16, 1916–17, 1917–18, and 1918–19—Continued.

		,	,	10,					
	United Departi Agricu	nent of	Smith-	-Lever.					
State.	Farmers' cooperative demonstration work.	Other bureaus.	Federal.	State.	State.	County.	College.	Other.	Total.
New Mexico: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 New York:	\$6,833 7,617 10,060 13,800 12,884	\$479 1,500 1,400 1,500 6,204	\$10,000 13,413 16,258 19,102 21,946	\$3,413 6,258 9,102 11,946	\$298 35,883	\$540 11,166 12,700 17,800 38,433	\$540 800	\$604 120 1,800 500 240	\$18, 456 37, 229 49, 015 62, 902 127, 536
1914–15 1915–16 1916–17 1917–18 1918–19 North Carolina:	26, 587 20, 041 24, 377 31, 527 29, 975	1,500 2,800	10,000 33,443 52,978 72,514 92,050	23, 443 42, 978 62, 514 82, 050	57, 200 69, 241 69, 036 56, 997 91, 251	82, 818 69, 207 102, 883 147, 670 202, 820	7,000 6,416 5,141 1,500 51,395	35 35	183,604 221,825 297,428 374,222 552,341
1914–15 1915–16 1916–17 1917–18 1918–19 North Dakota:	40,800 41,000 40,000 43,120 40,000	11, 283 15, 860 15, 860 13, 408 33, 000	10,000 32,953 52,080 71,207 90,334	22, 953 42, 080 61, 207 80, 334	31,900 16,424 17,800 6,000	38,000 62,715 75,000 95,000 110,000	1,525		133, 508 191, 905 225, 019 301, 742 359, 668
1914–15 1915–16 1916–17 1917–18 1918–19	9,449 7,101 10,410 11,150 11,750	726 1,100 1,200 3,900	10,000 16,247 21,453 26,659 31,865	6, 247 11, 453 16, 659 21, 865	13,270 20,983 21,969 20,000 19,612	31,606 28,746 30,530 30,160 64,600			65,050 80,424 95,815 105,828 153,712
1914–15 1915–16 1916–17 1917–18 1918–19 Oklahoma:	2,182 7,369 13,900 17,110 16,010	700 1,400 1,500 3,300 4,640	9,931 35,557 56,854 78,151 99,448	25, 557 46, 854 68, 151 89, 448	38, 085 74, 516 75, 891 52, 019 50, 327	1,700 22,300 59,133			50,898 146,098 194,998 241,031 319,006
1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	41,003 41,000 39,000 39,000 38,880	234 4,920 5,920 6,840 12,140	9, 462 26, 256 39, 802 53, 349 66, 895	16, 256 29, 802 43, 349 56, 895		9,935 20,000 31,750 61,560 39,926	18, 115 15, 000 8, 000	22, 988 20, 050 16, 300 3, 850 4, 612	101, 736 143, 482 170, 574 207, 948 219, 348
Oregon: 1914–15 1915–16 1916–17 1917–18 1918–19	7,787 8,975 9,202 12,058 11,527	2,774 5,400 6,000 6,180 10,980	10,000 14,446 18,152 21,857 25,562	4,446 8,152 11,857 15,562	56, 087 53, 236 56, 124 48, 033 64, 288	15, 827 18, 300 24, 651 25, 822 42, 650			92, 741 104, 804 122, 280 125, 807 178, 670
Pennsylvania: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	18,442 12,981 11,701 11,700	800 2,500 13,000 2,620	10,000 46,894 77,639 108,383 139,128	36,894 67,639 98,383 129,128	10,128			3,008	47,639 114,253 158,280 227,488 280,256
Rhode Island: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 South Carolina:	2, 243 3, 700 3, 950 5, 401 5, 605	210 500 1,000 1,000	10,000 10,218 10,400 10,582 10,764	218 400 582 764	3,175 3,300 3,750 3,750	2,550 3,500 4,000	1,380 1,200 1,018 236	5, 225 4, 045 2, 345 2, 345	13,310 24,416 25,845 28,178 28,464
South Carolina: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 South Dakota:	40, 400	12, 254 14, 440 13, 720 19, 270 31, 620	10,000 25,691 38,767 51,843 64,919	15,691 28,767 41,843 54,919	2,613	17, 401 21, 442 40, 492 46, 868 105, 194	20, 290 20, 050 7, 958 7, 245 7, 500	6,001 21,650 7,755	109, 581 134, 114 194, 367 215, 224 304, 552
1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	6, 153 10, 100 11, 660	1, 350 1, 350 1, 350 1, 350 9, 050	10,000 16,167 21,306 26,445 31,584	6, 167 11, 306 16, 445 21, 584	20,000 18,833 18,917 13,555 18,240	2,098 13,610 19,260 21,562 70,136	610	5,081	42, 857 62, 279 82, 239 91, 017 164, 174
1914-15. 1915-16. 1916-17. 1917-18. 1918-19.	39,000 37,000 37,000	6, 150 9, 688 11, 440 12, 490 17, 670	10,000 31,202 48,869 66,536 84,204	21, 202 38, 869 56, 536 74, 204	1,716	28, 882 33, 674 17, 883 6, 935 24, 881	6,895	1, 754 3, 891 4, 351	\$6, 597 133, 765 157, 951 183, 848 239, 759

Table III.—Sources of funds for cooperative agricultural extension work, 1914-15, 1915-16, 1916-17, 1917-18, and 1918-19—Continued.

	United Departs Agricu	ment of	Smith	-Lever.					
State.	Farmers' coopera- tive demon- stration work.	Other bureaus.	Federal.	State.	State.	County.	College.	Other.	Total.
Texas: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 Utah:	\$72, 403 71, 500 67, 000 68, 784 67, 000	\$6, 447 4, 800 5, 016 14, 640	\$9,979 45,970 75,944 105,919 135,894	\$35, 970 65, 944 95, 919 125, 894	\$17,474	\$76,097 76,097 88,620 102,292 118,916	\$13,581	\$5, 567 16, 065	\$195, 981 234, 337 303, 075 393, 995 475, 665
1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 Vermont:	9,678 8,657 10,330 15,013 14,090	1,890 1,400 1,400 6,600 5,990	10,000 12,437 14,467 16,498 18,529	2, 437 4, 467 6, 498 8, 529	25, 284 23, 876 15, 388 10, 555 9, 475	2,989 3,355 12,660 11,000	15, 460 15, 465	1,718 464 1,000 1,200 1,000	51,558 49,270 50,407 84,484 84,078
1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	10,088 13,260 13,501 15,260 15,009	3,387 4,260	10,000 12,274 14,169 16,063 17,958	2, 274 4, 169 6, 063 7, 958	7,571 8,576 3,831 1,937 42	10,800 12,000 15,400 14,400 14,400	950	3,100	41,845 55,743 51,069 57,32 3 62,417
Virginia: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	38, 420 39, 000 37, 000 37, 000 37, 000	3,781 2,800 2,700 2,780 10,180	9, 997 29, 272 45, 332 61, 392 77, 452	19, 272 35, 332 51, 392 67, 452	26, 661 2, 891 4, 500 2, 436 900	25, 471 28, 550 30, 242 38, 758 65, 585	8, 740	8,511	108, 598 130, 295 160, 876 202, 515 275, 782
Washington: 1914–15 1915–16 1916–17 1917–18 1918–19	8, 902 8, 434 11, 940 17, 458 14, 580	1,603 2,270 2,640 2,640 25,520	10,000 16,522 21,958 27,393 32,829		3,009	19,034 20,600 23,570 50,968 78,765	13, 984 10, 250 5, 300 13, 333 600	1,587 2,150 1,250 12,468	58, 119 64, 599 79, 515 130, 435 187, 591
West Virginia: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	23, 284 25, 000 23, 015 23, 000 23, 000	1, 155 1, 260 1, 359 2, 570 7, 990	10,000 22,071 32,132 42,191 52,251	12,071 22,132 32,191 42,251	34,402 22,929 23,942 15,379 21,859	411 25, 668 27, 548 31, 836 30, 060		11,633 12,860 15,574 8,336 5,606	80,886 121,859 145,701 155,503 183,017
Wisconsin: 1914-15. 1915-16. 1916-17. 1917-18. 1918-19.	11, 422 11, 010 11, 100 11, 601 12, 406	388 1,200 1,200 2,000 2,000	10,000 26,164 39,635 53,107 66,578	16, 164 29, 635 43, 107 56, 578	19,766 31,902 17,687	10,046 16,320 19,875 26,150 - 35,200	58, 279 41, 515	1,200 1,000	51, 621 103, 960 120, 131 194, 244 214, 277
Wyoming: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	5, 817 7, 060 8, 450 12, 430 11, 428	1, 125 1, 500 1, 500 1, 500 1, 500	10,000 11,249 12,290 13,331 14,372	1,249 2,290 5,331 4,372	5,000 16,901 27,335 39,306 35,896	3,800 5,445 9,550 14,750 22,160	9, 933	700 600 2, 255 1, 600	26, 442 44, 005 61, 415 86, 903 101, 261
Total: 1914–15 1915–16 1916–17 1917–18 1918–19		182, 708	474, 935 1, 080, 005 1, 580, 000 2, 080, 000 2, 580, 000	600,005 1,100,000 1,600,000 2,100,000	530,564	815,733 939,668 1,246,288 1,544,366 2,247,219	198, 644		3,607,208 4,871,620 6,103,140 7,617,098 10,087,240

The data given in Table III are summarized and classified according to original sources of funds in the following table:

Table IV.—Funds available for cooperative agricultural extension work, classified by original sources.

		1	ı.	1	1
Source of funds.	1914–15	1915–16	1916–17	1917–18	1918–19
Federal Government: Farmers' cooperative demonstration work	\$905,782	\$914,290	\$943,088	\$1,037,501	\$1,006,114
Other bureaus. Federal Smith-Lever.	105,168 474,935	157, 621 1,080,005	121,609 1,580,000	182,708 2,080,000	418, 539 2, 589, 000
Total	1,485,885	2,151,916	2,644,697	3,300,200	4,004,653
Within the State: State—					
Offset	711,516	459, 046 696, 405	904,090 597,105	1,241,263 530,564	$\begin{bmatrix} 1,613,628\\ 745,073 \end{bmatrix}$
Total	711,516	1,155,451	1,501,195	1,771,830	2,359,701
County— Offset Other county	815,732	68, 0 04 939, 668	83,614 1,246,288	202,846 1,544,366	235, 795 2, 247, 219
Total	815,732	1,007,672	1,329,902	1,747,212	2,483,014
College — Offset Other college	316,750	38, 099 209, 682	63,910 142,524	83,101 198,644	166,588 221,349
Total	346,750	247, 781	206, 434	281,745	387,937
Other: Offset Miscellaneous.	247, 352	31, S50 273, 951	48, 384 372, 546	72,784 443,307	83,897 767,946
Total	247,352	308,801	420, 930	516.091	851,843
Total within the States	2,121,350 3,607,235	2,719,705 4,871,621	3, 458, 461 6, 103, 158	4,316,878 7,617.098	6, 0\$2, 495 10, 0\$7, 240

In 1914-15 the Smith-Lever funds comprised 13 per cent of the total funds available for cooperative agricultural extension work. In 1917-18 the percentage had increased to nearly 50. In 1917-18 the funds contributed by the counties and other local organizations comprised one-fourth of the total.

If the funds contributed to the State Smith-Lever offset by the States, counties, and other authorities within the State are combined with State, county, and other funds not used as offset, they exceed one-half of the total funds for extension work. In other words, the funds contributed within the State exceed the funds contributed by the Federal Government at the present time.

ALLOTMENT AND EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS, BY PROJECTS.

The project now receiving the largest amount of the cooperative agricultural extension funds is the county-agent project. In 1914–15 the total amount spent on this project was approximately \$1,925,000. By 1918–19 the amount had increased so that it exceeded \$4,810,000, or an increase of over 140 per cent during the four-year period, 1914–15 to 1918–19.

The next most important line of work, as far as allotment of funds is concerned, is the work for farm women, the allotment for which

increased from \$320,000 in 1914-15 to approximately \$1,505,000 in 1918-19, an increase of nearly 375 per cent during the same period. The next in importance is the boys' and girls' club work. During the four-year period this has increased from \$170,000 to \$475,000. In the Southern States the girls' clubs are included with the homeeconomics project, and the boys' club work does not include the pig and poultry clubs. The amount used in this work exceeded \$54,000. In the Northern and Western States the girls' clubs are included under the boys' and girls' clubs project. The projects, in addition to those named above, in which over \$200,000 were spent, were administration, publications, animal husbandry, agronomy, and dairying. Those in which over \$100,000 were spent were extension schools, poultry, marketing, horticulture, agricultural engineering, and farm management. There are certain items in Table V which should be carefully interpreted. For example, the work undertaken on the projects for extension schools and miscellaneous projects would seem to have decreased. The decrease is due primarily to the assignment of the specialists to individual projects rather than putting the different lines of their work together in miscellaneous projects. The decrease in the funds for extension schools is due to a similar cause—the specialists participating in extension-school work are having a larger proportion of their expenses charged to subject-matter projects than formerly.

Table V, pages 16 to 23, shows the allotment of funds from all sources to the different types of extension work by States.

COUNTY-AGENT WORK.

The county-agent work grew out of the farm demonstrations conducted under the direction of agents covering a large territory. In these field demonstrations the farmer undertook, with his own labor and entirely at his own expense, to grow on from 1 to 10 acres some particular crop under the agent's supervision. The selection of the crop depended entirely upon the needs of the community. A careful account was kept and a report made at the end of the season. The agents were required to arrange for as many demonstrations as they could supervise properly.

About the year 1906 counties began to contribute toward the salary of the agents of the department, and their work became more intensive and the work of each agent was confined to a single county. With this limited territory they could arouse the interest of farmers generally by greatly increasing the number of examples of demonstrations of better methods of farming. The scope of the demonstrations was enlarged to include all of the standard farm crops, gardens, pastures, and in later years the breeding, raising, and feeding of live stock.

Table V.—Total of funds from all sources for cooperative agricultural

State.	Total.	Administration.	Publications.	County agents.	Home economics.	Extension schools.	Boys' clubs.	Pig clubs.	Poultry clubs.	Animal husbandry.	Poultry.	Dairying.
Alabama: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 Arizona:	\$113, 087 139, 606 162, 303 205, 594 251, 682	5, 593 6, 066 13, 698	1,200 1,700		19,510 28,870 35,805	2,000 2,000 2,000	6,960 5,090 5,720	$ \begin{array}{c} 2,500 \\ 1,920 \\ 3,720 \end{array} $	\$2,030 2,430 2,530	\$2,370 900 3,600		\$3,696 2,600 1,600 5,550 6,420
1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	34, 410	5,330 6,323 6,370 6,580 7,660	324 1,074 1,000 1,100 1,200	3,320 9,779 15,500 15,560 12,684	1,100 920	900 1,175	3,345 3,100 5,825			$\frac{3,300}{3,100}$		
Arkansas: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 California:		15,420 $20,033$	2,256 1,074 4,948		20,767	1,575 2,500		$\begin{bmatrix} 2,275 \\ 600 \end{bmatrix}$		2,725		1,637 2,620 6,400
1914–15 1915–16 1916–17 1917–18 1918–19	104,911 127,808	22,499 25,600		57, 472 67, 372 79, 502 69, 623	5,000 $6,300$	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4,023 6,220 13,906 5,804	2,142				
1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	29,688 53,905 67,663 104,040 140,888	7, 389 10, 250	500	18, 262 32, 600 41, 900 60, 260 77, 390	3,250 3,334 6,535		$\frac{4,860}{7,660}$	•••••		2,710 2,775 4,485		
1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 Delaware:	44,809 57, 197 107, 422	3,292 6,554 3,900 4,500 8,100	225 600 706	8,440 24,542 34,291 60,975 39,226	2,600 $11,841$	6.8 400 600	4,317 $5,760$			5,850	2,488 $2,311$	-3.200
1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	18,595 15,659 17,441 19,324 20,956	2,260	252	9, 286 8, 642 8, 300 8, 850 9, 148	1,899 2,100 4,300		40 500 2,950 2,800				1,052 460 437	260 2,278 2,300
1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 Georgia:	110,826	3,560 8,090	1,600	44,772 54,680 52,081	32, 135 40, 373 41, 910		$\begin{bmatrix} 2, & 50 \\ 6, 510 \end{bmatrix}$			1,500 3,000		
1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	291,728		5,000 7,000	75, 839 95, 727 138, 521 153, 578 182, 347	28, 321 53, 500	5,900 3,000 4,000	2,262 2,550 2,700	$\begin{array}{c} 2,710 \\ 2,390 \\ 3,600 \end{array}$, 1, 151 2, 180 2, 180 5, 000	7, 319 7, 509 7, 380	2,280	2,801 5,010 4,700 5,040 10,550
1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	85, 903		550 1,000 1,200	8,948 18,142 26,150 44,090 100,110	3,450 4,200 5,550	2,150 2,499 2,200	4, 175 5, 300 7, 160 39, 560			$ \begin{array}{c c} 1,350 \\ 1,800 \\ 3,000 \\ 3,600 \end{array} $		1,200 5,800
1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	205, 786	4,300	2,482 2,300 2,636	137, 284 160, 900	15 450	15,000 3,000	683 3,400 4,400			6 300		240
1914–15 1915–16 1916–17 1917–18 1918–19	$\begin{array}{c c} 182,977 \\ 200,235 \\ 233,256 \end{array}$	6, 291 6, 343 11, 298	1,000 1,000 1,000	110,771 123,024	4,000 4,700 5,050	7,100	15,300			4,490	1,531 3,115 3,383 4,590 5,340	4, 184 7, 750 7, 350 8, 020 9, 440

extension work for five years ending June 30, 1919, by projects.

Animal diseases.	Agronomy.	Horticulture.	Botany and plant pathology.	Entomology, apiculture, ornithology.	Forestry.	Agricultural enggineering.	Farm manage- ment.	Rural organiza-	Marketing.	Exhibits and fairs.	Farmers' institutes.	Correspondence courses.	Rodent pests.	Miscellaneous specialists.
\$3,700 2,550	\$804 2,760 4,100 6,570 8,040					\$1,600 1,750 2,900 5,900	\$2,800	\$500 700	\$1,050 1,050 3,400 6,700					\$556 1,550 1,750 2,500 1,110
	1,595 3,650									\$161 150 150 150	\$2,800	• • • • • •	\$500	1,149 469 1,070
	2,720 3,500	2,520 3,600					900 4,240	• • • • • • •	1,817 1,845 6,930			• • • • • •	• • • • • •	11,085 12,084 15,903
	• • • • • •	3,000				• • • • • • •	•••••			• • • • • •	7,739			3,820
							1,416 2,700 3,660							7, 1 \$ 5 1, 810
• • • • • •	1,400 600	785				2,500	3,710 3,196 3,071		6,800		600	• • • • • •		1,810 1,000 8,383 977
	3,100 3,550 1,069	3,650		3,000			4,580 4,880		4,400 4,560		600 600	• • • • • •		1,389
56		550 450									• • • • •			144 154 58
				1										
5,600	3,301 2,400 2,600 8,640	2,000 4,200				2,000 2,200			3,000 3,750 4,500	2 000			500	1,500 5,000
	3,800 4,100 4,620	4,250		1,250			131							2,923 5,002
	• • • • • • •						3,820							2,400 8,000 15,000 19,700
	7,200 467 5,800 6,800 7,950	3,571 4,800 3,800	523 2,340 2,300 2,500		1,200	2,100 2,300	3,500 3,449 5,000 4,300 4,000		<i>y</i>					715

Table V.—Total of funds from all sources for cooperative agricultural

	1							1				
State.		Administration.	Publications.	County agents.	Home economics.	Extension schools.	oys' clubs.	clubs.	Poultry clubs.	i m a l h u s- bandry.	Poultry.	Dairying.
1977	Total.	\dn	on?	Com	Ton	Sxt	Boy	Pig	on	νи	ono)aii
Iowa:												
1914-15 1915-16	\$192,141 229,888	\$22,717 16,329	\$7,414 7,974	\$39,685 49,276	$\begin{array}{c} \$19,052 \\ 28,800 \end{array}$	\$36, 295 39, 058	\$8,338 13,482	• • • • •		\$ S,033	\$2,250	\$6,070 8,204
1916–17	283, 127	29,075	8,000	68,300	31,930	29,872	16,825			7,000	3,975	31,805
1917-18 1918-19			8,000 18,000	100,500 276,020			20,370			11, 100 12, 400		33, 684 35, 540
Kansas: 1914–15		5,231		32, 251	6, 897		3,370					
1915–16	110,680	8,996		39, 719	9,236	4,072	3,793			876		1,383
1816-17 1917-18	156,980 173,783	9, 740 9, 170		61,534 72,873	12,351 12,993	9,390 7,160	5,803 10,651	\$2,500	\$2,200	1,391 3,087	$\begin{bmatrix} 1,508 \\ 1,550 \end{bmatrix}$	1,460 3,720
1918-19 Kentucky:	186,839		1,500	60, 264	18,920				2,740	4,067		4,450
1914–15		3,427	301	61,343	15,732	234	1,765	1,447				436
1915–16 1916–17		13,975 10,821	$\begin{bmatrix} 1,650 \\ 3,000 \end{bmatrix}$	65,040 99,400	19,056 $26,250$	98 1,500	2,700 3,100	2,523 2,770	2.077 $2,670$	2,920 3,120		1,680 1,495
1917–18 1918–19	211,770	14, 139	2,000 6,000	117,470 141,240		2,000	3,620	2,800		3,500 3,600	2,600	3,800
Louisiana:					, i	2, 900				3,000	0,200	
1914–15 1915–16	83, 958 126, 157	1,668 6,399	518 1,450	56, 476 64, 747	9,058 13,640		13,385 11,915			16,875	2, 125	1,053
1916–17	141, 613	6,040	1, 220	89,378	22, S05		11,905				2,000	,
1917–18 1918–19			1,450	87, 645 99, 899	28,980 35,380		16,170 10,920			3,800	4,920 6,620	3,240
Maine: 1914–15	11,820	773	276	8,950							460	
1915-16	26,078	5,954	400	11, 178	1,425	1,149						2,630
1916-17 1917-18	37,090 45,989		800 800	18,0S3 23,760	2,966 3,900	800					2,400 2,600	2,900 2,900
1918-19 Maryland:				27, 282	4,300	800		• • • • •		2, 300	2,660	2,500
1914–15			157	16, 175	4,102	1, 441	159				402	5,100
1915–16 1916–17			$1,000 \\ 2,720$	24,430 $42,352$	11,230 12,880	467 400	3,030 3,970			720 3.050	330	2, 640 3, 145
1917–18	109,693	14,358	2,500	56,440	18,020		3,500			2,900	2,500	2,800
1918–19 Massachusetts:	150,482			67, 481			7,400			4, S00	2,700	3,080
1914–15 1915–16		19,160 11,670		54, 255 58, 574	4,636 4,667					0 000		986 1,200
1916-17	100,979		1,600	65, 949	4,888	700	11,991			2,600	4,250	1,910
1917–18 1918–19		10,470 17,100							2,200 800			1,940 4,920
Michigan: 1914–15	64, 562	3,421	486	40,175						560		943
1915-16	85,910	4,421		53, 559	4,474	1,500	3,817	1		S69		
1916–17 1917–18	140,962 181,937						7,826 13.050			5,340 9,850		• • • • • • •
1918–19 Minnesota:												2,675
1914–15	170,783						5,473		1			10, 153
1915–16 1916–17	131,310				7,715 8,390	1,731 867	4,788 9,190				2,600	3, S00 6, 160
1917–18 1918–19	144,072	17,541	4,020	62, 201	11,510	867	12,580				2,600 4,570	12,580
Mississippi:												1
1914–15 1915–16							5,274 7,387			$\begin{bmatrix} 2,290 \\ 5.091 \end{bmatrix}$		3,076 7,149
1916–17 1917–18	155,583	4,841	2,056	80,926	34,288	3,500	15,719			2,600		1,320
1918-19	270, 266						11,400 12,820			16, 580		10,260
Missouri: 1914-15	71, 111	1,167	556	46, 401		10,453	4,690	3			43	2,370
1915–16	. 114,718	9,952	2,800	58,050		11,846	9,150)				3,400
1916–17 1917–18	. 152,010	7,420	5,839	62, 225			10,520)		5, 130	$\begin{vmatrix} 2,800 \\ 2,290 \end{vmatrix}$	3,660 6,250
1918–19 Montana:	203, 230						11,515			14, 430		
1914-15										S8;		1,503
1915–16 1916–17	62,622	7, 122	2 500 2 700							2,700		3,000
1917–18. 1918–19.	. 91,709	13,423	1,286	50,000	5,300		8,350)		3,200		3,950
Nebraska:										2,000		
1914–15 1915–16	. 115, 856	6 10,481				27, 950	3,333 $16,590$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1,294 \\ 3,000 \end{bmatrix}$		2.000		1,500 3,550
1916–17 1917–18	. 148, 49!	5 11, 482	2,558	39,580	7,600	37, 150	22,840	3,000)	2, 150)	4,350
1918-19	205, 15	23, 482	2, 4, 250	$\frac{1}{29}, \frac{42}{940}$	19, 840	41,800	51, 900) 3,300		7,640),), 5, 850	6,150

extension work for five years ending June 30, 1919, by projects—Continued.

Animal diseases.	Agronomy.	Horticulture.	Botany and plant pathology.	Entomology. api- culture, orni- thology.	Forestry.	Agricultural engineering.	Farm manage- ment.	Rural organiza-	Marketing:	Exhibits and fairs.	Farmers' insti- tutes.	Correspondence courses.	Rodent pests.	Miscellaneous specialists.
\$6,450 6,500 6,350 3,900	11, 201 17, 450	\$7,874 7,950 9,000 11,200		\$1,500		6,200	\$2,134 3,650 4,170 4,230 11,134		2,980				• • • • •	5,500 3,920
3,340	2,626 2,834 3,537 5,102	1,453 1,728 1,810 2,083		1,410 1,620		9,526 10,760 12,090 5,912 6,280	1, 484 2, 499 2, 831 3, 425 3, 260	8,602 4,280		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$21,046 10,854 12,170 -9,345 9,533	8 413		82
250 2,720 2,700 2,500	2,175	1,245 $2,600$					2,510	114 594						• • • • • •
	2,033 2,250 3,737	1,209 2,750 4,840 5,200 7,000		2,400					1,000 2,400 3,200					590 1,200 175 1,000 1,000
	1,450						1,360 1,900 2,400 2,750 2,980							
	1,698 1,600 2,900 2,700 2,800	2,752 2,800			\$300	2,950	1,046 1,800	700						476
		995 3,033 3,225 3,070 9,611		225 5, 525			1,834 2,490 3,320 3,424 4,120	5,275 $6,587$	3,610 15,495	500				417 544 - 875
	2,296 3,494 2,800 4,700	5,241 6,450 10,900	1,150	1,075	400 2,250	1,534 1,500 2,250	3,100		5,100		11,300			9,026
	2,900 1,100 1,306	1,733	2, 100				4,111 4,648 6,090 13,440 13,450	1,800 1,800						11, 933 9, 401 6, 380 1, 860
		+4,000		1		1,733 2,200 3,100 7,800	1,833 1,850	1,800	2,295 $2,500$ $4,600$				- • • • •	3,000
8,300	$egin{array}{c c} 0 & . & . & . & . \\ 0 & 11,350 & . & . & . \\ 0 & 10,270 & . & . \end{array}$	3,200 5,050 3,110		$\begin{bmatrix} 3,500 \\ 3,370 \end{bmatrix}$		30 420 3,150 2,700 3,710	3,000 3,060	2,350 3,400 6,110	4,460	1,350 800				3,650 1,587 1,156 4,587
	. 1.100		600				2,600)	3.600		7,200			
2, 55 2, 99	1,900 2,750	3,925				1,900 3,150 5,700 9,350	7,960		0.000				• • • • •	8,987

Table V.—Total of funds from all sources for cooperative agricultural

State.	Total.	Administration.	Publications.	County agents.	Home economics.	Extension schools.	Boys' clubs.	Pig clubs.	Poultry clubs.	Animal husbandry.	Poultry.	Dairying.
Nevada: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 New Hamp-	\$8, 677 17, 334 21, 514 32, 941 34, 198	\$2,865 3,350 2,800 3,600 5,300	\$60 1,400 1,000 625	\$4,000 11,256 10,506	\$1,844 1,050 914 6,315 3,775		\$2,934 4,950 4,570 6,792		• • • • • •			\$2, 189 2, 750 2, 800 3, 000 3, 000
shire: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 New Jersey:	32, 976 33, 509 52, 222 83, 348 86, 424	4,040 1,673 1,111 7,600 7,394	515 1,533 911 1,298 1,246	11, 042 18, 794 27, 000 49, 100 43, 810	2,150 5,600	600 200 600	3, 267 8, 500 15, 000 16, 900	* * * * * * * *		• • • • • •		3, 490 2, 378 2, 000 4, 300 3, 000
1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 New Mexico:	30, 096 56, 709 77, 092 92, 998 103, 847	15, 534	493 883 1, 765 1, 521 3, 180	20,584 31,459 41,418 42,530 39,700	4,800 12,301		63 512 5,300 7,801 6,606	• • • • •			\$2,400 2,500 2,700 3,000	2,320 2,500 2,800
1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 New York:	18, 456 37, 229 49, 015 62, 902 127, 536	4,302 4,1°0 3,800 8,880	911 770 1,665 2,210 1,694	7,389 21,919 27,700 37,100 75,666	2,400 4,740 14,000	2,430 1,500	2,368 3,775 4,980 6,240 5,669					479 2,350 2,800 3,040 3,000
1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 North Carolina:	1.83, 604 221, 825 297, 428 374, 222 552, 341	24, 221 29, 534	700 24,174	119, 024 155, 856 212, 626 286, 135	6,250 15,075 35,114 61,508	12,794 10,375 18,694 42,150	2,600 2,300 7,195 5,781 7,680			13,200	4, 166 6, 000 6, 959 10, 475	2, 400 2, 050 4, 300 4, 500
1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 North Dakota:	133,508 191,905 225,019 301,742 359,668	4,650 7,755 10,345 11,475	2,795 4,708 6,620 8,532	103, 048 1°1, 200 116, 846	43,265 53,623 73,6°0		7, 795 14, 615 14, 960 18, 590	\$1,537 1,500	1,500	9,180 9,630 10,170 12,300		18,268 19,660
1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 Ohio:	95, 815 105, 818 153, 712	9,6°0 10,000 20,781	6,000 2,500	60,630 65,440 81,300	7, 990 7, 288 9, 450		6,010 7,000 6,950 13,320		• • • • • •	3,850		1,900
1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 Oklahoma:	146, 098 194, 998 241, 031 319, 006	22,530 32,680 50,450	3, 150 5, 650 7, 600	38, 314 55, 345 81, 081 109, 503	16, 400 19, 495 18, 130 29, 580	10, 250 10, 453 2, 260 1, 210	6,447 14,722 20,250 13,030			7, 250 10, 450		
1914-15 r	170, 574 207, 948 219, 348	13, 159 11, 848 15, 718	2,500 3,480 3,000 6,190	102, 745 128, 540 101, 798	24, 095 30, 076 39, 660 49, 300	3,309 4,500	4,685 5,080 8,140	1,800 2,640 2,860 3,940	911 2,800 3,020 6,100			2,620 5,040 5,440
1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 I'ennsvlvania:	92, 741 104, 804 122, 280 125, 807 178, 670	9, 136 8, 156 21, 894	2,375 3,407 2,556	57, 160 59, 214 96, 188	3, 150 3, 835 5, 201 4, 700	8, 278 7, 599 6, 800	9,735 7,360	$\begin{bmatrix} 2,400 \\ 3,191 \\ 3,850 \end{bmatrix}$	• • • • • •		3,619	7,175
1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 Khode Island:	158, 280 227, 488 280, 256	11, 420 11, 888 13, 450 22, 616	8, 200 10, 000	97, 363 111, 721 130, 036	6,060 7,300 26,960 53,840	2,002 2,000 1,200	2,660 3,800 3,500 5,000			3, S00 4, 000 7, 200	4, 100 3, 700 4, 200	11, 120 15, 220
1914-15 1015-16 1916-17 1017-18 1918-19	24, 416 25, 845 28, 178	4,341 5,900	500	9, 850 9, 300 10, 751	1,925 1,600 2,000		2, 967 4, 325 5, 445 5, 645 5, 445			•••••	1,850 1,800 500	210 500 2,500 2,550

extension work for five years ending June 30, 1919, by projects—Continued.

Animal diseases.	Agronomy.	Horticulture.	Botany and plant pathology.	Entomology, api- culture, orni- thology.	Forestry.	Agricultural engineering.	Farm manage- ment.	Rural organiza-	Marketing.	Exhibits and fairs.	Farmers' insti- tutes.	Correspondence courses.	Rodent pests.	Miscellaneous specialists.
\$1,318 5,900 3,000 3,200 3,200														\$1,350 1,650
	3, 280 2, 400 2, 400	\$3,165 2,300 2,200			\$ 200 200		2 100 2,700 3,200		£290					2,550 554
2,600	5,800	2,870 6,220 10,700												4, 507 2, 968 2, 558 3, 011 5, 727 2, 095
3,600	9,000	2,950 3,650	\$4,400 7,250	\$3,900 4,600			2,920 1.380 5,336 6,990		1,500	\$2.500	\$700	\$3 938		9, 527 9, 750 10, 750
500	10,677 14,080 5,400 8,860	7,300 7,700 1,193 2,180 2,500	8,950 11,920 400	5, 200 5, 400	3,700 2,800	2,950 10,030 2,200 2,400 2,200	10,300	\$3,450	4,110	2,225			• • • • •	
	13,510	2,800	2,800	2,440		2,400	1,700 5,000 5,000			4,100	8,924			
	4, 350 13, 040 20, 118	9,540 10,475				3,636 4,050 6,133	3,886 5,955 5,340			750	27, 153 34, 800 25, 080	9,995		5,516
	3,000		2,820	2,700		2,340								
	5, 305 4, 230	4,675		1,500			3,000 3,339 6,975		4,200 4,200 3,848			9,839		13, 409 8, 210 9, 450 4, 580 944
	4,800 4,500 1,314	3,400 6,737 4,500	4,400	3,100			3,960 2,000 3,500	4,200		2,000 2,000 2,900				5,000 21,900 15,244
• • • • • •	1,350													1,276

Table V.—Total of funds from all sources for cooperative agricultural

State.	Total.	Administration.	Publications.	County agents.	Home economics.	Extension schools.	Boys' clubs.	Pig clubs.	Poultry clubs.	Animal husbandry.	Poultry.	Dairying.
South Carolina: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 South Dakota:	\$100,581 138,114 194,367 215,224 304,552	\$4,402 5,700 9,843 13,230 21,930	\$907 2,000 2,000 2,300 4,900	\$64,472 62,084 73,546 67,422 93,180	41,390 54,887 76,177		4, 100		1,380 $1,750$	8, 200 8, 550 8, 000	\$1,758 3,000 2,100 3,575	7,060 6,140 14,080
1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 Tennessee:	42,857 62,279 82,239 91,017 164,174	617 5, 294 7, 564 7, 065 18, 100	299 497 1, 200	11,667 34,621 42,899 46,500 100,726	[-1,685]	\$14,093 $ -9,825 $	$\begin{bmatrix} 2,500 \\ 3,800 \\ 4,800 \end{bmatrix}$			2,250	2,500	2,700 2,700 2,700 2,700 2,700
1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 Texas:	86, 597 134, 765 157, 951 183, 848 239, 759	7, 936 26, 878 16, 315 23, 150 32, 010		52, 975 58, 282 61, 236 64, 885 86, 139	55,596	3,000 3,000	2,300		2,650 2,960	5,000 $6,075$ $6,380$		3, 620 5, 559 7, 700 7, 860 8, 984
1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 Utah:	195, 981 234, 337 303, 075 393, 995 475, 665	24, 614 21, 233 23, 600 21, 415 31, 200	2, 263 4, 097 7, 093 10, 090 13, 090	132, 801 140, 726 171, 950 233, 887 226, 093	36,920 51,529	16, 240 14, 908 13, 116	5,000			10, £00 10, 716 7, 678	2	6, 447 6, 117 3, 300 6, 308 7, 150
1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 Vermont:	51,558 49,270 50,407 84,484 84,078	4, 206 6, 112 6, 851 7, 880 9, 320	1,638 1,056 1,189 2,200 2,200	19,538 18,073 21,450 36,058 37,490	5, 287 5, 825 8, 151	1,300 1,700	5, 241 4, 425					3, 035 2, 750 2, 350 2, 800 3, 100
1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	41, 845 55, 743 51, 069 57, 323 62, 417	4, 473 6, 495 5, 446 5, 802 6, 018	160 400 300 500 500	23,784 30,173 32,237 35,335 38,900	3, 150	2,690 650	$ \begin{array}{c c} 2,980 \\ 4,131 \\ 5,749 \end{array} $			100		3, 585 3, 695 1, 300 2, 580
Virginia: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	108, 598 130, 295 160, 876 202, 515 275, 782	11,333 17,870	538 1,540 2,870	78, 846 84, 017 87, 386 107, 281 113, 960	46, 499	975 300	3,540		2, 235 2, 950	$\begin{bmatrix} 2,940 \\ 4,810 \\ 3,740 \end{bmatrix}$	3,480 3,100	2, 208 880 3, 190 6, 100 10, 300
Washington: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 West Virgin-	58, 119 64, 599 79, 515 130, 435 187, 591		1,500 2,239	71,760	3, 092 4, 300 5, 700		7,491 9,760 14,776			8, ¢30 2, 700	1, 198 1, 225 1, 225 3, 625	3, 918 7, 647 7, 805 9, 920
:a: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	80, 886 121, 849 145, 701 155, 503 183, 017	8,996 10,544	2,790 1,960 2,310	76, 563	13, 946 17, 413 21, 529	4, 840 1, 885 2, 510	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c } 12,175\\ 16,080\\ 16,592\\ \end{array} $			5, 195		1, 155 2, 604 2, 711 5, 352 6, 342
Wisconsin: 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 Wyoming:	51, 621 103, 960 120, 131 194, 244 214, 277	6,740 7,360	2,655	-56, 000 76, 822	9,000 8,160 6,120	8,975 6,000	3,300 3,570 5,350			4,300 6,100 5,100		380 4,000 4,250 10,300 9, £00
1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	26, 442 44, 005 61, 415 86, 903 101, 261	6,492 7,491 8,290	1,850 2,024 2,360	25,007 38,700 54,394	2,800 2,950 2,700	400 200 200	3, 150 5, 550 8, 659			3,200		2,316 3,000 3,100 3,200 3,252
1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19	4,871,620	422, 078 445, 720 599, 107	100, 735 137, 187 138, 323	2,488,756 3,102,883 3,833,396	538, 061 756, 050 1,043,560	212, 763 193, 713 135, 624	229, 905 340, 877 412, 599	20, 760 15, 630 28, 901	12,933 15,790 17,260	191, 711 126, 815 176, 188	30, 466 44, 684 65, 745	107, 775 153, 958 173, 871 233, 267 303, 341

extension work for five years ending June 30, 1919, by projects—Continued.

Animal diseases.	Agronomy.	Horticulture.	Botany and plant pathology.	Entomology, api- culture, orni- thology.	Forestry.	Agricultural en-gineering.	Farm manage- ment.	Rural organiza-	Marketing.	Exhibits and fairs.	Farmers' insti- tutes.	Correspondence courses.	Rodent pests.	Miscellaneous specialists.
	\$2,100 2,100 2,850 5,491	\$2, 175 2, 200 2, 774 7, 200 7, 025	\$2,500 5,200 4,400	\$1,500 2,800 3,700			\$3,065	\$1,358 1,925	\$3,000 3,000 7,000 3,550					\$22, 12 7 1, 75 7 4, 740
\$2,325 2,675 3,700	1,200 1,200	2, 100 3, 200		575 2,500		\$650 1,575 2,100 3,200	840 3,300 5,260 8,150							365
	2,180 3,125 6,260 6,070 3,480			3,060	:		3,550	3,660	3, 060 6, 440	\$610				1,694
	2,300	20, 818	16, 483			1, 250		13, 320 18, 116 23, 328	15, 600			• • • • • •		· ·
	2,225 2,350 2,600						4, 550 1, 960	275	3, 450	1, 208 1, 365	1,000	3, 150		1,730 6,309 3,968
1,600	1,000	5,565				1,775 2,240	3,917 5,275			100				7,948
	[-3,000]	9, 240	2,320	2,800	••••	020	2, 048 2, 776	300					\$950	
	3,400 3,600 4,120	3, 243 3, 270								1,300	7,387 7,360 5,650 4,010	843 890 880 790		1,708 1,030 900 450
2,450	9,050 7,580 6,010 7,3_0	5, 800 2, 000 2, 000 4, 050 4, 330	2,950 - 3,536 3,986			705 4,800 5,150	2, 257 2, 840 5, 070 2, 550							
							• • • • • •			266 300 100 200	1,000 700 600			40 200 100
23, 345	24, 188 78, 555 125, 480 149, 010 217, 652	63, 534 82, 490 148, 023	15,442 35,139 23,886	10,086 13,485 31,090	6, 058 3, 700 9, 150	14, 041 37, 829 52, 281 102, 212 124, 163	85,657 97,155 112,515	24,964 34,082 47,276	2, 299 17, 634 35, 356 82, 750 153, 354	8,067 7,775 9,600	54, 906 72, 420 39, 635	27, 121 $38, 713$ $20, 565$		120,751

Meetings were held at the demonstration plats for the purpose of giving information to a large number of farmers. At these meetings the agent would go over the farm with those assembled, discuss the operations informally, and invite questions. The farmer saw the value of the better methods and gradually applied them to the whole farm. Demonstrations varied in size and character, depending upon the problem to be met. The results of hundreds of these demonstrations in a county gave the farmers confidence in the ability of the agent, and thus grew up a great variety of work on the part of the county agent in giving general instruction and advice to farmers where he was unable to visit their farms regularly.

It was noted a number of years ago that where the county agent could secure the cooperation of an organized body of farmers in the community in conducting demonstrations and giving information his work became more effective. Out of this experience has developed a systematic effort on the part of the county agent to work through organized bodies of farmers and to create organizations in communities where there are none.

Prior to 1912 practically all of the extension work of the department of this character was carried on in the 15 Southern States. This branch of the work is growing steadily. In that year \$165,000 was made available to extend the work into the Northern and Western States, and the work in those States was placed under the supervision of the Office of Farm Management. The work in the North has grown rapidly and now has more than trebled its original Federal appropriation. Out of the work in the South and the North which was assigned to the States Relations Service in 1914, has grown a large field of activity now generally known as county-agent work or demonstration work through county agents. On July 1, 1918, 2, 513 men county agents were employed in the United States.

The county agents are employed cooperatively by the county, the State agricultural college, and the United States Department of Agriculture, assisted in some cases by other cooperating parties.

The extent to which the county agent comes in contact with the farmers in his community is indicated by Table VI.

Table VI-Work of the county agents.

	Far	m visits n	nade.	Me	etings he	eld.	A	ttendanee) .
State.	1015	1016	1017	1015	1016	1017	1015	1016	1017
	1915	1916	1917	1915	1916	1917	1915	1916	1917
Alabama	64, 932	79,380	65, 634		4, 171	3,763	27, 291	149,080	214, 999
Arizona	2,098	4, 035	6, 126	263	526	596	9,306	14, 114	25, 76
Arkansas	34, 598	61,014	57, 657	1,770	3,459	5, 267	81,310	159,080	199,379
California	[9, 105]	8,822	13, 169	1,585	1,784	2,766	64, 419	89,576	102, 79
Colorado	5,610 2,945	$\frac{4,842}{3,284}$	5,632 4,6 8 7	736 379	1,084 675	1,667	45,393 18,240	54, 349 34, 257	84,94
Doloworo	1,793	1,605	1,668	179	163	$1,074 \\ 172$	8,414	6,987	46,150 5,630
Delaware Florida	25, 179	22,624	26,317	508	596	848	23, 168	35, 593	55, 32
Georgia	67,432	101,767	151, 930	1,036	3, 596	4,770	101,800	183,429	438,84
Idaho	2,049	5 , 405	7,061	305	451	965	16,423	29,921	32,76
Illinois	5.850	6,532	7,589	761	1,027	1,120	53, 621	83,162	82,34
indiana	11,592	8,530	9,870	3,674	3,250	4,829	267, 126	247,753	279, 94
10Wa	0.400	9,357	16,687	899	2,538	4,184	83, 462	116,082	213,14
Kansas	6,684	8,456	11,452	1,039	1,941	3,097	61,818	104,189	144,04
Kentucky	25,698	34,707	31,354	2,000	2,541	3,375	130,952	167,879	209,05
Louisiana	1 30,000	59, 400	66,960	1,321	1,107	2,015	47, 410	57,731	124, 78
Maine	3,275	4,034	7,415	206	352	890	7,247	12,420	39,04
Maryland	8,503	12,898	18,673	792	947	2,339	42,715	35, 494	148,14
Massachusetts	6,241	5,182	3,613	1,280	942	983	41,102	51,382	71,94
Miehigan Minnesota	$9,063 \\ 9,326$	13,077 7,172	21,586 6,298	1,046 1,965	1,790 1,503	3,336	58,737	84,187 $116,032$	$ 197, 41 \\ 129, 04$
Mississinni	23,328	56,357	67,075	193	3,813	1,455 5,090	104,680	147, 464	$\begin{vmatrix} 129,04\\ 348,82 \end{vmatrix}$
Mıssissippi	4,658	4,732	5,061	9,997	1,448	2,635	109,183	89,032	127,73
Montana	3,559	3,984	5,821	241	392	863	19,904	35,180	98,70
Nepraska	1 4 586 1	5,275	4,160	587	729	518	24, 430	26, 237	20,08
Nevada. New Hampshire.	,	84	1,405		60	55		1,370	1,65
New Hampshire	4,125	4,781	5,620	350	654	849	20,819	33, 429	44,14
New Jersev	[-5,595]	8,347	10,071	343	752	2,073	16,181	37, 151	52, 47
New Mexico	[-4,902]	3,906	8,382	488	549	907	22,323	33,955	47,02
New York.	18,543	19,797	27,353	2,926	3,235	4,938	168, 211	174, 463	259, 49
North Carolina	70,350	85, 437	72,838	3,257	2,883	3,945	171,739	1,902,085	266,30
North Dakota	[11, 593]	13,493	12,852	831	823	802	83,046	56,544	95, 13
Ohio	4,068	4,928	9,804	864	1,323	2,367	83, 442	92,304	184, 69
Oklahoma	36,894	62, 528	67,632	2,931	3,388 916	4,882	141, 413	227, 297	459, 97
O re gon Pennsylvania	6,326 9,000	7, 298 15, 517	5, 853 22, 416	1,372	2,853	1,154 4,360	35, 637 124, 053	29, 137 230, 783	48, 28 286, 16
Rhode Island	44	486	1,106		207	265	953		8,96
South Carolina	1.	50,860	37,306		1,326	2,118	000	94, 125	155, 52
South Dakota	4.719	5, 194	5,889	612	1,002	928	44,901	51,757	51, 55
Tennessee	-,	35, 452	38, 942		1,629	13,404		82,981	284,51
Tennessee Texas	40,777	64,683	94,630		3,948	6,569	113,538	210,815	458,87
O tan	1 8.339	6,809	9,530	459	536	1,003	23,014	45, 112	48,92
Vermont	7,402	7, 793	8,350	2,839	1,149	857	23,750	39, 130	43,26
Virginia	1 47, 259	55, 408	59,317	887	2,550	4, 249	149,217	140,122	221,74
Washington	6,018	5,844	6,663	843	694	1,597	39,615	35,698	63,53
West Virginia	17,034	27, 289	48,055	1,972	3,212	6, 137	78,880	165, 787	294, 10
Wiseonsin.	5,718	7,507	9,682	588	875	1,564	44,651	59,470	98,02
Wyoming	2,964	4,826	4, 442	152	484	563	8,390	12,996	24,56

Differences in methods of recording the data prevent the figures from being strictly comparable.

It is recognized by all engaged in the work that the county agent should be a man of practical experience in farming and of such personality as to enable him to become a leader among the farmers of his county. He must also have such agricultural education and technical training as fit him for this important duty. Other things being equal, preference is given to graduates of agricultural colleges who have the proper personality and practical experience.

It will be seen that one of the duties of the county agent is to bring to the farmers of his county on their own farms the results of scientific investigations in agriculture and the experience of successful farmers, and through demonstrations to influence the farmers to put these into practice. In his organization work, as explained above, he assists in reorganizing and redirecting the agriculture of the community, and assists all economic and social forces working for the improvement of agriculture and country life. He gives instruction not only in those subjects which are generally recognized under the head of improved agricultural practices, but also in farm management, marketing, and purchasing supplies. In all of this work he conducts a large number of demonstrations and gives out much valuable information. He works, as far as possible, with existing organizations, such as granges, farmers' unions, alliances, organized farmers' institutes, community clubs, etc., but may also aid in forming new organizations especially suited to support his work.

In the South great emphasis is laid upon community organizations of farmers. These are increasing rapidly and involve both the work among men and that among women. The tendency and general policy of the work in most of the States in that territory is gradually to form central county organizations composed of representatives of the community organizations to deal in cooperation with the county agents with such problems as are county-wide in their nature.

In some of the Northern and Western States county organizations called farm bureaus have been developed to support the county agents in their work. The farm bureau may include in its membership any person who is interested in better farming. Its officers are generally selected annually. It has an executive committee which has the responsibility of arranging for the selection and financing of the county agent, and its committees, both central and local, assist the county agent in carrying out the program of work for the county.

The growth of county-agent work is indicated in Table VII.

Table VII.—Number of counties with men agents.

	-												
	Agri-	Cour	nties v	with n	nen a	gents.		Agri-	Cour	ities v	with n	nen aş	gents.
State.	tural coun- ties.	1.	July 1, 1915.	July 1, 1916.	July 1, 1917.	July 1, 1918.	C		1,	July 1, 1915.	1,	1,	July 1, 1918.
Alat ama Arizona Ark ansas California Colorado Connecticut Delaware Florida Georgia Idaho Illinois Indiana Iowa Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Maine Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Mississippi Missouri	30 102 92 99 105 120 64	67 45 4 13 1 25 80 2 14 27 9 9 28 41 8 1 11 27 48 13	67 3 52 11 13 6 3 36 81 3 18 31 11 39 43 3 13 10 17 23 49 15	65 65 73 13 19 7 3 33 83 7 20 32 16 56 47 43 4 16 9 22 19 44 14	62 7 61 17 16 8 2 37 117 11 22 40 26 53 45 42 9 23 11 30 16 53 15	66 11 68 33 29 8 3 53 120 27 53 83 97 67 90 58 16 22 13 71 85 79 71	Nevada New Hampshire. New Jersey New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee Texas Utah Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	26 57 100 51 75 77 35 67 5 45 66 (6 250	1 4 25 51 17 8 40 10 10 10 	5 7 8 29 6 15 10 56 12 14 	8 11 9 36 65 15 12 59 13 22 4 42 11 48 90 8 11 51 13 29 13 8	6 9 10 11 41 69 17 20 62 14 45 4 40 13 57 92 15 11 53 22 45 22 13	8 10 17 25 56 91 38 63 77 24 53 5 43 59 91 178 28 13 75 34 48 59 15
Montana Nebraska	93	5	8 8	7 9	12 8	23 79	Total	2,936	928	1,136	1, 225	1, 434	2, 435

BOYS' AND GIRLS' CLUB WORK.

Extension work among young people usually has been conducted through clubs organized for that purpose.

Boys' corn clubs and other agricultural clubs have been in existence for over 15 years. The department, in cooperation with the State agricultural colleges, has done much to popularize this demonstration work and make it effective through acre contests in corn growing Boys and girls between the ages of 10 and 18 are admitted to these clubs, the work being conducted very largely in cooperation with school officials and teachers in the rural communities. These clubs are supervised by State agents or assistants located at the agricultural colleges, who represent both the college and the department They are assisted by county agents, who aid in the organization and maintenance of the work, and by club specialists from the States Relations Service and the Bureau of Animal Industry of the United States Department of Agriculture.

By far the most widespread and numerous organizations of this character are the boys' corn clubs. The members enter into competition in corn growing on an acre of ground, on their fathers' farms, as a rule. Prizes are provided and the basis of award is the largest production at the lowest cost, with best exhibit of 10 ears and best essay on the year's work. Definite instructions in preparation of the soil, planting, cultivation, etc., are given to the members. They are taught valuable lessons about the handling of the soil, selection of good seed, improvement of varieties, use of fertilizers, cost accounting, etc.

Clubs have also been organized for contests in the growing of potatoes, cotton, grain, apples, as well as in the raising of pigs and poultry. In most of the States the prizes now offered in all of these clubs have educational value, such as scholarships at the agricultural colleges or at short courses, trips to points of interest, etc.

Boys' pig clubs have been organized to stimulate interest in swine production, and to teach boys profitable methods of feeding, the value of the best breeds, and the home production of meat for the family. This work supplements the boys' corn clubs by showing the boys that it is profitable to sell crops by feeding them to live stock. Members of the clubs are taught also the curing of meats at home, the judging of hogs, and their selection for breeding and marketing purposes. Consideration is given to management, feeding, sanitation, and to the prevention of diseases of swine, especially hog cholera. Prizes are awarded on the basis of excellence of hogs fed for purpose intended, gain in weight, cost of production, and record of feeding and care. Prizes are offered for animals raised for breeding purposes and for slaughtering, and for the best brood sow with litter.

The objects of the boys' and girls' poultry clubs are to teach poultry raising, handling, and marketing; the value of uniform product

of high class for cooperative marketing, better care of poultry and eggs, and the increased revenue derived from better breeding and management. Each club member is expected to raise a certain number of fowls, keep accurate account, make exhibits at the fairs, and write a composition on some phase of the work.

Girls' clubs have been formed to teach gardening and canning of vegetables and fruits for home and market and thus promote the utilization of the surplus and waste products of the farm and garden; to teach profitable farm poultry raising; to provide a means for girls to earn money at home; to pave the way for practical demonstrations in home economics and stimulate cooperation among members of the family and in the community; and to furnish teachers a plan for correlating home work with school work.

This work was first begun with the canning club. Girls from 10 to 18 years of age are enrolled to plant and cultivate a garden of one-tenth of an acre. The most important part of the training, however, is the canning of products of the garden for home use and market. Prizes are awarded on the basis of the quality and quantity of the products of the garden and the variety, quality, and quantity of the canned product, the profit shown by cost accounting, and the written account of how the crop was made. A uniform club label is provided and a standard weight and grade of canned product fixed for marketing purposes. Encouragement is given to cooperative marketing.

HOME ECONOMICS EXTENSION WORK.

All of the extension work described in this circular is conducted in the interest of all the people on the farm. However, it is as important to provide special extension work for women and girls on the farm as it is for men. This special work is now being developed according to the same general plan as the extension work in agriculture.

Out of the girls' canning-club work in the South has grown the employment of women county agents, or home-demonstration agents. When sufficient funds are available, a well-trained woman is employed to give instruction in home economics to farmers' wives and daughters throughout the county. The woman agent organizes clubs of women and girls, gives them instruction, conducts demonstrations, and superintends the putting of the lessons into practice in the homes. Women agents now are being appointed in some of the counties in the North and West. On July 1, 1918, there were 1,715 counties with women agents in the United States.

In home economics, as in agriculture, there are in addition to the county agents or leaders specialists who conduct extension schools, general neighborhood meetings, conferences, etc., and assist the

women county agents. Among the problems now being taken up are children's welfare, selection, preservation, and preparation of food, canning of fruit and vegetables on the farm, the selection and protection of water supply, sewage disposal, house ventilation, household equipment and management, use of labor-saving devices and machinery, control of insects and other pests, etc.

The number of women agents employed July 1, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917, and 1918 is shown in the following table:

Counties with women agents. Counties with women agents. State. State. July 1, 1915. 1, 1916. 1, 1917. 1, 1918. 1915. 1914. 1916. 1914. 1917. 1918. 10 Alabama.... 1 New Hampshire.. Arizona..... 9 8 65 New Jersey.... Arkansas..... 24 New Mexico... 11 California.... New York North Carolina... 3 38 72 33 13 Colorado. Connecticut... 48 North Dakota.... Delaware..... 54 Ohio.... Florida..... 35 Georgia..... Oklahoma..... 24 125 24 88 22 96 50 22 Idaho..... 15 Oregon..... Pennsylvania.... Illinois... 48 Rhode Island.... Indiana.... South Carolina....
South Dakota.... 44 42 94 Iowa..... 14 96 Kansas.... 18 24 31 Kentucky.... Tennessee..... 49 67 14 7 20 33 14 22 12 13 Texas..... 26 38 31 Louisana..... Utah... Maine..... Maryland 13 10 Vermont..... Virginia..... 17 Massachusetts. 24 39 71 48 Washington.... Michigan..... 10 12 Minnesota..... West Virginia.... 17 5 Wisconsin..... Mississippi

Table VIII.—Number of counties with women agents.

FARM-MANAGEMENT DEMONSTRATIONS.

18

Missouri..... Montana.....

Nebraska...

Wyoming...

Total.....

1,715

A farm-management demonstration aims to teach a farmer a practical method of summarizing and analyzing his farm business as a means of determining the profit or loss incurred in conducting it and of deciding upon modifications which promise to increase the net income of the farm. These demonstrations are conducted in most cases by county agents, with the assistance of a farm-management demonstrator, who is cooperatively employed by the college and the United States Department of Agriculture.

EXTENSION WORK THROUGH SPECIALISTS.

Both the State agricultural colleges and the Department of Agriculture employ specialists in various branches of agriculture and home economics to aid county agents in their work and also to give direct instruction to farmers in counties where there are no county agents. A specialist is generally an extension agent who has special knowledge of some particular line of work and who is efficient in presenting his subject to county agents and to farmers. He may be differentiated from the county agent in that the county agent may have to cover the entire field of agriculture, whereas the specialist's work is generally limited to a particular phase, such as dairying, horticulture, poultry, etc.

The principal lines of extension work of this character now being conducted in the Department of Agriculture are hog-cholera control, pig, cattle, sheep, and poultry production, promotion of dairying, and the use of dairy products, especially cottage cheese, through the Bureau of Animal Industry; seed production and distribution, plantdiseases control, home gardening, and preservation of fruits and vegetables, through the Bureau of Plant Industry; beekeeping and control of insect pests, through the Bureau of Entomology; control of rodent pests, through the Bureau of Biological Survey; marketing and rural organization, through the Bureau of Markets; conservation and utilization of wood as fuel and for other purposes, through the Forest Service; and farm business methods, through the Office of Farm Management. All of this work is conducted in cooperation with the agricultural colleges in the several States under project agreements mutually entered into as a part of the general system of cooperation under the general memorandum of understanding between the Secretary of Agriculture and the colleges of agriculture.

EXTENSION SCHOOLS.

Short, practical courses of instruction, accompanied by demonstrations, illustrated lectures, and exhibits, organized and conducted by specialists attached to the agricultural colleges, are given in different localities. The local arrangements are often made by the county agents, and these schools usually are planned to assist the county agent in the development of extension projects undertaken in the county. The schools commonly occupy one week, but in some cases a somewhat shorter or longer period.

EMERGENCY DEMONSTRATION WORK.

In addition to the fund provided above for the regular cooperative agricultural extension work, Congress included in the food production act for 1917–18 an item of \$4,348,400 for increasing food production, eliminating waste, and promoting conservation of food, by educational and demonstrational methods through county, district, and urban agents, and others. Under the provisions of this act over 4,648 emergency demonstration agents have been employed, and for the first time agents have been designated to take up work in the larger

urban centers. The food production act for 1918-19 includes an item of \$6,100,000 for like purposes.

The following table shows the number of persons connected with county-agent work, home-demonstration work, and boys' and girls' club work who are paid some part of their salaries from funds appropriated to the United States Department of Agriculture for regular or war emergency work and who are located in the States:

Table IX.—Number of extension workers.

	Ja	anuary, 191	.8.	Ja	anuary, 191	9.
Class of agents.	Regular.	Emer- geney.	Total.	Regular.	Emer- geney.	Total.
County-agent work.						
SOUTH.						
Directors and State leaders	27 7 44	22	27 7 66	26 8 51	14	26 8 65
County seats and assistants Local agents (colored).	631	447 19	1,078 105	566 60	548 88	1,114 148
Total	765	518	1,283	711	650	1,361
NORTH AND WEST.						
Directors and State leaders. Assistant State leaders County agents and assistants	33 26 408	601	33 26 1,009	13 26 349	18 65 942	31 91 1,291
Total	467	601	1,068	388	1,025	1,413
UNITED STATES.						
Directors and State leaders. Assistant State leaders. District agents. County agents and assistants. Local agents (colored).	1,039	22 1,048 49	60 33 66 2,087 105	39 34 51 915 60	18 65 14 1,490 88	57 99 65 2,405 148
Total	1,232	1,119	2,351	1,099	1,675	2,774
Home-demonstration work.						
SOUTH.						
State leaders Assistant State leaders District agents County agents Local agents (colored) City agents City agents (colored)	421	29 328 61 65 8	14 14 46 749 71 65 8	15 19 20 257 37	38 465 97 64 15	15 19 58 722 134 64 15
Total	476	491	967	348	679	1,027
NORTH AND WEST. State leaders Assistant State leaders		35 30	47 30	7 8	27 39	34 47
District agents	25	282 57	307 57	16 1	446 108	462 109
Total	37	404	441	32	620	652
UNITED STATES. State leaders Assistant State leaders District agents County agents Local agents (colored). City agants	14 17 446 10	35 30 29 610 61 122	61 44 46 1,056 71 122	22 27 20 273 37 1	27 39 38 911 97 172	49 66 58 1,184 134 173
City agents (colored)		8	1 400	200	1 200	1 670
Total	513	1 895	1,408	380	1,299	1,679

Table IX.—Number of extension workers—Continued.

,	Jε	nuary, 191	8.	January, 1919.			
Class of agents.	Regular.	Emer- geney.	Total.	Regular.	Emer- geney.	Total.	
Boys' and girls' club work.							
State leaders	19 6 27	27	19 . 33 27	21	26	2 1 44	
Total	52	27	79	39	26	65	
NORTH AND WEST.							
State leaders Assistant State leaders County leaders District leaders.	78	2 36 140 52	28 68 218 52	26 37 19	3 58 237	29 95 256	
Total	136	230	366	82	298	380	
UNITED STATES.							
State leaders Assistant State leaders County leaders. District leaders.	45 38 105	2 63 140 52	47 101 245 52	47 37 37	3 58 263	50 95 300	
•	188	257	445	121	324	445	

HOW TO GET IN TOUCH WITH THE EXTENSION SERVICE.

If the farmer or members of his family desire the cooperation of the State agricultural college in solving any of the farm or home problems, application should first be made to the county agent, if there is one; if there is no county agent, then to the director of extension at the State agricultural college to get in touch with the extension organization in order that the services which this organization is prepared to give may be secured.

OFFICIALS IN CHARGE OF COOPERATIVE EXTENSION WORK.

OFFICERS OF THE STATES RELATIONS SERVICE.

A. C. True, director.

Bradford Knapp, chief, J. A. Evans, assistant chief, Office of Extension Work South.

C. B. Smith, chief, C. E. Gunnels, assistant chief, Office of Extension Work North and West.

STATE OFFICERS.

State.	Officer in charge of extension work.	. Address.
AlabamaArizonaArkansas	J. F. Duggar E. P. Taylor W. C. Lassetter W. T. Clarke	Alabama Polytechnic Institute, Auburn College of Agriculture, University of Arizona, Tucson. College of Agriculture, University of Arkansas, Fayetteville. College of Agriculture, University of California, Berkeley.
California Colorado Connecticut	H. T. French H. J. Baker	State Agricultural College of Colorado, Fort Collins. Connecticut Agricultural College, Storrs.
Delaware Florida Georgia	H. Hayward P H. Rolfs J. Phil Campbell	Delaware College, Newark. College of Agriculture, University of Florida, Gainesville. Georgia State College of Agriculture, Athens.
IdahoIllinois	L. W. Fluharty W. F. Handschin.	The State House, Boise. College of Agriculture, University of Illinois, Urbana.
Iowa Kansas	G. I. Christie ¹ R. K. Bliss. E. C. Johnson.	Purdue University, Lafayette. Iowa State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, Ames. Kansas State Agricultural College, Manhattan.
Kentucky Louisiana	Fred Mutchler W. R. Perkins	College of Agriculture, University of Kentucky, Lexington. Louisiana State University and Agricultural and Mechanical College, University Station, Baton Rouge.
Maine	L. S. Merrill. T. B. Symons. W. D. Hurd.	College of Agriculture, University of Maine, Orono. Maryland State College of Agriculture, College Park. Massachusetts Agricultural College, Amherst.
Michigan Minnesota	R. J. Baldwin. A. D. Wilson	Michigan Agricultural College, East Lansing. College of Agriculture, University of Minnesota, University Farm,
* *	E. R. Lloyd	St. Paul. Mississippi Agricultural and Mechanical College, Agricultural College.
Missouri	A. J. Meyer F. S. Cooley	College of Agriculture, University of Missouri, Columbia. Montana State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, Boze- inan.
Nebraska Nevada New Hampshire.	C. E. Gunnels C. A. Norcross J. C. Kendall	College of Agriculture, University of Nebraska, Lincoln. College of Agriculture, University of Nevada, Reno. New Hampshire College of Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts,
New Jersey	L. A. Clinton	Durham. Rutger's College and the State University of New Jersey, New Brunswick.
New Mexico		New Mexico College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, State College. New York State College of Agriculture, Ithaca.
New York North Carolina	A. R. Mann B. W. Kilgore	North Carolina State College of Agriculture and Engineering, West Raleigh.
North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon	J. A. Wilson O. D. Center	North Dakota Agricultural College, Agricultural College College of Agriculture, Ohio State University, Columbus. Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College, Stillwater. Oregon Agricultural College, Corvallis. Pennsylvania State College, State College.
Rhode Island South Carolina South Dakota	M. S. McDowell A. E. Stene W. W. Long Christian Larsen	Rhode Island State College, Kingston. Clemson Agricultural College of South Carolina, Clemson College. South Dakota State College, Brookings.
Texas	C. A. Keffer Clarence Ousley ² . J. T. Caine, III ³ . Thomas Bradlee	College of Agriculture, University of Tennessee, Knoxville. Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, College Station. Agricultural College of Utah, Logan. University of Vermont and State Agricultural College, Burlington.
Virginia Washington West Virginia	W. S. Thornber C. R. Titlow	Virginia Polytechnic Institute, Blacksburg. State College of Washington, Pullman. College of Agriculture, West Virginia University, Morgantown.
Wisconsin	K. L. Hatch A. E. Bowman	College of Agriculture, University of Wisconsin, Madison. College of Agriculture, University of Wyoming, Laramie.

Table X.—Number of extension workers July 1, 1917 and 1918. 1

	Full time.				Part time.				Total.			
State.	Men.		Women.		Men.		Women.		Men.		Women.	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Alabama	93 9 107 36 17	110 17 112 35	39 1 60 2 3	91 5 95	11 1 14 62 7	12 6 16	3 1 1	5 8 1	104 10 121 98 24	122 23 128	42 1 61 3 3	96 13 96
Connecticut Delaware Florida Georgia Idaho	16 4 44 126 16	6 55 146 45	8 2 32 66 2	6 44 113 15	3 6 13	4 17 21	$\begin{array}{c} 3\\1\\12\\ \end{array}$	1 15 17	19 10 57 126 27	10 72 146 66	11 3 44 66 6	7 59 113 32
Illinois Indiana Iowa Kansas Kentucky	32 72 57 45 62	81 110	7 7 11 11 32	48 45	5 73 54 62	36 176	2 28 32	16 48	37 145 111 45 124	117 286	9 35 11 64	64 93
Louisiana Maine Maryland Massachusetts Michigan	72 11 36 27 45	95 29 43 125	26 2 34 14 6	63 12 31 51	2 1 6 7	6 11 4		6 11	74 12 42 34 45	101 40 47 126	26 2 34 14 6	63 18 42 54
Minnesota Mississippi Missouri Montana Nebraska	32 82 43 24 26	122 110	38 6 4 12	70 71 22	28 2 3 14	2	8 20 6	18	60 84 46 24 40	124 110	12 58 6 4 18	88 71 46
Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey New Mexico New York	6 18 28 36 73	10 33 36 49 101	4 3 7 13 7	12 21 20 22 9	15 2 5 16	3 15 9 11 19	2 1 2	9 1 3 1 1	10 33 30 41 89	13 48 45 60 120	6 4 7 13 9	21 22 23 23 10
North Carolina. North Dakota. Ohio Oklahoma Oregon.	106 27 48 81 35	80 117 42	43 3 11 37 16	75 35 76 18	9 11 66 3 19	12 57 17	20 3 13 1 2	3 13 7	115 38 114 84 54	136 137 117 59	63 6 24 38 18	78 48 76 25
Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee	49 67 20 82	67 12 69 104	3 1 47 1 70	27 8 86 105	6 7 6 6	15 7 9	1 8	2 1	49 6 74 26 88	82 19 78	3 1 48 9 70	27 10 87
Texas. Utah. Vermont. Virginia.	160 26 15 64	237 43 30 119	46 5 1 19	85 16 15 75	5 9 27	33 36 2	1 107	19 15 84	160 31 24 91	237 76 66 121	46 5 2 126	85 35 30 159
Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	41 77 28 17	85 32 30	10 5 4 2	56 32 8	61 75 8	9	13 1 2		41 138 103 25	85 41 32	10 18 5 4	56 32 8
Total	2, 238		787		745		330		2,983		1, 117	

¹¹⁹¹⁸ figures are not complete.

ACT OF 1914 PROVIDING FOR COOPERATIVE AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION WORK.

[Smith-Lever Act.]

AN ACT To provide for cooperative agricultural extension work between the agricultural colleges in the several States receiving the benefits of an act of Congress approved July second, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, and of acts supplementary thereto, and the United States Department of Agriculture.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to aid in diffusing among the people of the United States useful and practical-information on subjects relating to agriculture and home economics, and to encourage the application of the same, there may be inaugurated in connection with the college or colleges in each State now receiving, or which may hereafter receive, the benefits of the act of Congress approved July second, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, entitled "An act donating public lands to the several States and Territories which may provide colleges for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts" (Twelfth Statutes at Large, page five hundred and three), and of the act of Congress approved August thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety (Twentysixth Statutes at Large, page four hundred and seventeen and chapter eight hundred and forty-one), agricultural extension work which shall be carried on in cooperation with the United States Department of Agriculture: Provided, That in any State in which two or more such colleges have been or hereafter may be established the appropriations hereinafter made to such State shall be administered by such college or colleges as the legislature of such State may direct: Provided further, That, pending the inauguration and development of the cooperative extension work herein authorized, nothing in this act shall be construed to discontinue either the farm management work or the farmers' cooperative demonstration work as now conducted by the Bureau of Plant Industry of the Department of Agriculture.

SEC. 2. That cooperative agricultural extension work shall consist of the giving of instruction and practical demonstrations in agriculture and home economics to persons not attending or resident in said colleges in the several communities, and imparting to such persons information on said subjects through field demonstrations, publications, and otherwise; and this work shall be carried on in such manner as may be mutually agreed upon by the Secretary of Agriculture and the State agricultural college or colleges receiving the benefits of this act.

Sec. 3. That for the purpose of paying the expenses of said cooperative agricultural extension work and the necessary printing and distributing of information in connection with the same, there is permanently appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$480,000 for each year, \$10,000 of which shall be paid annually, in the manner hereinafter provided, to each State which shall by action of its legislature assent to the provisions of this act: Provided, That payment of such installments of the appropriation hereinbefore made as shall become due to any State before the adjournment of the regular session of the legislature meeting next after the passage of this act may, in the absence of prior legislative assent, be made upon the assent of the governor thereof, duly certified to the Secretary of the Treasury: Provided further, That there is also appropriated an additional sum of \$600,000 for the fiscal year following that in which the foregoing appropriation first becomes available, and for each year thereafter for seven years a sum exceeding by \$500,000 the sum appropriated for each preceding year, and for each year thereafter there is permanently appropriated for each year the sum of \$4,100,000 in addition to the sum of \$480,000 hereinbefore provided: Provided further, That before the funds herein appropriated shall become available to any college for any fiscal year plans for the work to be carried on under this act shall be submitted by the proper officials of each college and approved by the Secretary of Agriculture. Such additional sums shall be used only for the purposes hereinbefore stated, and shall be allotted annually to each State by the Secretary of Agriculture and paid in the manner hereinbefore

provided, in the proportion which the rural population of each State bears to the total rural population of all the States as determined by the next preceding Federal census: Provided further, That no payment out of the additional appropriations herein provided shall be made in any year to any State until an equal sum has been appropriated for that year by the legislature of such State, or provided by State, county, college, local authority, or individual contributions from within the State, for the maintenance of the cooperative agricultural extension work provided for in this act.

SEC. 4. That the sums hereby appropriated for extension work shall be paid in equal semiannual payments on the first day of January and July of each year by the Secretary of the Treasury upon the warrant of the Secretary of Agriculture, out of the Treasury of the United States, to the treasurer or other officer of the State duly authorized by the laws of the State to receive the same: and such officer shall be required to report to the Secretary of Agriculture, on or before the first day of September of each year, a detailed statement of the amount so received during the previous fiscal year, and of its disbursement, on forms prescribed by the Secretary of Agriculture.

Sec. 5. That if any portion of the moneys received by the designated officer of any State for the support and maintenance of cooperative agricultural extension work, as provided in this act, shall by any action or contingency be diminished or lost or be misapplied, it shall be replaced by said State to which it belongs, and until so replaced no subsequent appropriation shall be apportioned or paid to said State. and no portion of said moneys shall be applied, directly or indirectly, to the purchase, erection, preservation, or repair of any building or buildings, or the purchase or rental of land, or in college-course teaching, lectures in colleges, promoting agricultural trains, or any other purpose not specified in this act, and not more than five per centum of each annual appropriation shall be applied to the printing and distribution of publications. It shall be the duty of each of said colleges annually, on or before the first day of January, to make to the governor of the State in which it is located a full and detailed report of its operations in the direction of extension work as defined in this act, including a detailed statement of receipts and expenditures from all sources for this purpose, a copy of which report shall be sent to the Secretary of Agriculture and to the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States.

SEC. 6. That on or before the first day of July in each year after the passage of this act the Secretary of Agriculture shall ascertain and certify to the Secretary of the Treasury as to each State whether it is entitled to receive its share of the annual appropriation for cooperative agricultural extension work under this act, and the amount which it is entitled to receive. If the Secretary of Agriculture shall withhold a certificate from any State of its appropriation, the facts and reasons therefor shall be reported to the President, and the amount involved shall be kept separate in the Treasury until the expiration of the Congress next succeeding a session of the legislature of any State from which a certificate has been withheld, in order that the State may, if it should so desire, appeal to Congress from the determination of the Secretary of Agriculture. If the next Congress shall not direct such sum to be paid, it shall be covered into the Treasury.

SEC. 7. That the Secretary of Agriculture shall make an annual report to Congress of the receipts, expenditures, and results of the cooperative agricultural extension work in all of the States receiving the benefits of this act, and also whether the appropriation of any State has been withheld, and if so, the reasons therefor.

Sec. 8. That Congress may at any time alter, amend, or repeal any or all of the provisions of this act.

Approved, May 8, 1914 (38 Stat. L., 372).